Market Code Schedule 23

Code Subsidiary Document No. 0207

RF Charge Calculation, Allocation and Aggregation

Version 2 Draft 3

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Change History

Version Number	Date of Issue	Reason for Change	Change Control Ref- erence	Sections Affected
1.0	2010-03-29	New Release forRF Calculation	MCCP046-CC	All
	2010-10-27	ClarificationreapplicationofSGES Credit	MCCP064	Footnote to sec- tion 2.4.10
1.2	March 2011	Enduring Rollover Solu- tion	MCCP053	Equation sec- tion 2.3.19
1.3	2012-03-29	Introduction of Deregistration	MCCP052, MCCP079	Sections 2.1 and 3.1
	2013-xx-xx	TradeEffluentChanges-sections-	MCCP095	Sections 2.1 and 3.1

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1. Purpose and Scope

1.1. Introduction

1.1.1. The purpose of this document is to provide details of how the CMA will calculate the Primary Charges for Water and Sewerage in accordance with the Scottish Water Wholesale Charges Scheme and allocate them to the appropriate Licensed Provider for the Tariff Year Settlement Run (RF). For the avoidance of doubt, no calculations are carried out in respect of the Non-Primary components of the Wholesale Charges.

1.1.2. This document describes a detailed charge calculation process which forms the CMA's interpretation of the Scottish Water Wholesale Charges Scheme (WCS) for the Financial Years 2008-09 to 2013-14 inclusive. ^{*a*} Specific assumptions in respect of how the calculation implements the Wholesale Charges Scheme are documented in the Appendix to both provide transparency and to formalise their adoption.

1.1.3. The process will also calculate the Primary Charges for Water and Sewerage for years beyond 2013-14 provided that the form of the Charges described in the WCS do not diverge from the form of the Charges for 2008-09 to 2013-14, and that the Charges can be successfully parameterised.

^{*a*}As of the time of writing

1.1.4. Details of how the CMA will calculate the Trade Effluent components of the Primary Charges for Sewerage and allocate them to the appropriate Licensed Provider are provided in CSD0206.

1.1.5. The process (including the process in respect of Trade Effluent Charges) will be a complete re-calculation based upon the data submitted by the Market Participants and as it exists in the Central Systems at the time of the RF Settlement Run. The process assumes that data has been correctly submitted, and does not necessarily fully describe situations where either incomplete or inconsistent data has been submitted by Market Participants.

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1.2. Scheme of Charges

1.2.1. The process details the computation, allocation and aggregation of the various components of the Primary Charges described in the WCS. The various components of the Services are shown in the following table.

SERVICE	COMPONENT	SUB-	SERVICE-
		COMPONENT	ELEMENT
Primary Water Charges	Water Charges	Measured Supply Points	Meter Based Charges
			Volumetric Charges
		Unmeasured Supply Points - RV Based Charges	Meter Based Charges
			Volumetric Charges
		Unmeasured Supply Points - Re-assessed Charges	Meter Based Charges
			Volumetric Charges
	Miscellaneous Charges	Field Troughs and Drinking Bowls	Farms
			Crofts
		Outside Taps	Farms
			Crofts
Primary Sewer- age Charges	Foul Sewerage	Measured Supply Points	Meter Based Charges
			Volumetric Charges
		Unmeasured Supply Points - RV Based Charges	Meter Based Charges
			Volumetric Charges
		Unmeasured Supply Points - Re-assessed Charges	Meter Based Charges
			Volumetric Charges
	Property Drainage		
	Roads Drainage		
	Trade Effluent Charges		

This table not completely compatible with the **1.2.2.** The CMA shall recompute all the components of Primary Water Charges and Primary Sewerage Charges. This calculation will take into account all relevant changes to the chargeable parameters associated with the Tariff Year Settlement, and take account of all the data submitted to the Central Systems at the time the RF Settlement Run is carried out. A detailed specification of the computation of each of the components is given below.

1.2.3. The Tariff Year Settlement Run (RF) is the final Settlement Run (RF) for any Year. It has three key differences from the monthly Invoice Period Settlement Runs:

- The single calculation of the full Tariff Year Settlement;
- In respect of Measured Supply Points (both water and sewerage) the calculation of a single Actual Weighted Average Unit Rate (AWA) to compute the charges for all measured volumes for the Tariff Year; and
- The application of annual minimum charges for Trade Effluent. The detail of the calculation of Trade Effluent charges is given in CSD0206.

1.2.4. Details of certain transitional charging arrangements which are catered for in the WCS are provided in the appendices to CSD0205. The various arrangements including LUVA discounts, small meter premium and the phasing premium are fully taken into account in the process described below.

2. Primary Water Charges

2.1. General

2.1.1. The following calculation is carried out for each Water SPID which is or has been Tradable when the Settlement Run is carried out. This includes SPIDs which are currently Tradable or Temporarily Disconnected, as well as Disconnected or Deregistered SPIDs which have been Tradable. The calculation excludes SPIDs which are Disconnected or Deregistered but were New, Partial or Rejected when they were so Disconnected or Deregisterd.

2.1.2. A Settlement Day runs from midnight to midnight.

2.1.3. Define the RF Settlement Period by a pair of days D_l^{RF} , D_u^{RF} such that the RF Settlement Period comprises Settlement Days d such that $D_l^{RF} \leq d < D_u^{RF}$. Note that the lowest bound day D_l^{RF} is included, but the upper bound day D_u^{RF} is not. In this description the full Settlement Year 2008-09 would be described by:

$$D_l^{RF} = 1$$
st April 2008
 $D_u^{RF} = 1$ st April 2009

2.1.4. If the SPID has a Permanent Disconnection Date, define the SPID Disconnection Date to be the date of Permanent Disconnection. If the SPID has a Deregistration Date, define the SPID Disconnection Date to be the date of Deregistration.

2.1.5. Define the SPID Chargeable Period as the period for which the SPID is in (potentially) charge (from the SPID Connection Date to the day before the SPID Disconnection Date (if it exists) or the last day of the tariff year (if the SPID Disconnection Date does note exist) inclusive. Here, "potentially" refers to the condition above that the SPID is or has been Tradable. This SPID Chargeable Period can equivalently be defined by a pair of days D_l^A , D_u^A where

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 $D_l^A =$ SPID connection date

 $D_u^A = \begin{cases} & \text{the SPID Disconnection Date, if it exists} \\ & \text{otherwise, the day immediately after the end of the tariff year} \end{cases}$

and the SPID is chargeable for all days d where $d \ge D_l^A$ and $d < D_u^A$. The lower bound day is included, but the upper bound day is not.

2.1.6. If $D_l^A >= D_u^A$ then there are no chargeable days.

2.1.7. For the avoidance of doubt the SPID Chargeable Period includes periods of vacancies, temporary disconnections, SGES etc. Appropriate adjustments for charges for these periods are made further on in the process.

2.1.8. For each SPID, establish the SPID Settlement Chargeable Period $D_l^S \ll d \ll D_u^S$ which is the (possibly empty) sub-period for which the SPID Chargeable Period intersects the RF Settlement Period, and is given by D_l^S , D_u^S where

 $\begin{array}{lcl} D_l^S &=& \max(D_l^A,D_l^{RF})\\ D_u^S &=& \min(D_u^A,D_u^{RF}) \end{array}$

2.1.9. if $D_l^S >= D_u^S$ then the SPID does not have a SPID Settlement Chargeable Period for that RF Settlement Period. If there is no such SPID Settlement Chargeable Period then no charges are computed for this SPID. The remaining sections in respect of Primary Water Charges are only applicable to SPIDs for which charges will be computed.

2.2. Measured Supply Points - Overview

2.2.1. First compute the AWA for each Water SPID which is a Measured Supply Point or a Re-assessed Supply Point, and then compute, allocate and aggregate the Meter Based Charges and the Volumetric Charges Re-assessed charges are implemented as if they were metered charges, see section 2.7 for details.

2.3. AWA Algorithm for Water SPID

2.3.1. For each T17 Meter Chain K, establish the T17 Meter Chain "Active Period" $D_{Kl}^A <= d < D_{Ku}^A$. If the T17 Meter Chain has not been removed from the Water SPID then set $D_{Ku}^A = D_u^{RF}$

2.3.2. For each T17 Meter Chain K, establish the T17 Meter Chain Chargeable Period $D_{Kl}^C \le d < D_{Ku}^C$ which is the (possibly empty) sub-period for which the Active Period intersects the SPID Settlement Chargeable Period, and is given by D_{Kl}^C , D_{Ku}^C where

$$\begin{array}{lcl} D^C_{Kl} &=& \max(D^A_{Kl},D^S_l)\\ D^C_{Ku} &=& \min(D^A_{Ku},D^S_u) \end{array}$$

2.3.3. If $D_{Kl}^C >= D_{Ku}^C$ then the T17 Meter Chain does not have a Chargeable Period for that RF Settlement Period.

Standard Volume Band Limits

2.3.4. Let the Allocated Tranche be VFA, and V1 and V2 be the knots described in the Scheme of Charges which define the bands for the Standard Volume Charges above the Allocated Tranche. Let B1, B2 and B3 be the corresponding prices. Thus:

Standard Volume Charges	Price
Greater than zero and up to VFA	0
Greater than VFA and up to $V1$	B1
Greater than $V1$ and up to $V2$	B2
Greater than $V2$	<i>B</i> 3

Yearly proportion for the Allocated Tranche VFA

2.3.5. For each T17 Meter chain, define the term PVT_K as ^a

 $PVT_K = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if the T17 Meter Chain Treatment is SWWater - ie not a Private Meter} \\ 1 & \text{otherwise - ie Private} \end{cases}$

^aThis is also applicable pre-MCCP095, as all existing meters were set to Meter Treatment SWWWater

2.3.6. Define Meter Active (MA_{Kd}) for a specific T17 Meter Chain K as

Term WMCredefined as MAhere and in a few subsequent equations

$$MA_{Kd} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } D_{Kl}^C <= d < D_{Ku}^C \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

ie MA_{Kd} has the value of 1 when d is within a T17 Meter Chain Chargeable Period.

2.3.7. Then for each Settlement Day d in the SPID Settlement Chargeable Period define SPID SWWater Meter Active $(SSWMA_d)$ as

$$SSWMA_d = \max_K (MA_{Kd} \times (1 - PVT_K))$$

and the Vacancy Adjusted SPID SWWater Meter Active (VASSWMA) as

$$VASSWMA_d = SSWMA_d \times (1 - VAC_d)$$

where

$$VAC_d = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if the SPID is vacant during the Settlement Day } d; \text{ or } \\ 0 & \text{if the SPID is occupied} \end{cases}$$

2.3.8. Compute the Total SWWater Meter Active Days (TSWMAD) as

$$TSWMAD = \sum_{d} VASSWMA_{d}$$

2.3.9. Then define the Yearly Proportion *YP* as

$$YP = \frac{TSWMAD}{DIY}$$

where DIY is the total number of days within the Settlement Period (ie 365 days or 366 days as appropriate for an RF Settlement).

2.3.10. Then the Proportional Volume Limits *PV*1 and *PV*2 are given by

$$PV1 = YP \times V1$$
$$PV2 = YP \times V2$$

Allocated Tranche

Document Reference: CSD0207 Version 2 Draft 3 term (1 - PVT)brought into equations defining YPto limit calculation to SWWaterMeters **2.3.11.** For each meter K for each Settlement Day d in the T17 Meter Chain Chargeable Period establish the Water Chargeable Meter Size $WCMS_{Kd}$. Note the Wholesale Charges Scheme refers to the "Tariff Meter Size" rather than the "Chargeable Meter Size".

For each day define the Meter Free Allocation (MFA) as

$$MFA_{Kd} = \begin{cases} VFA \times MA_{Kd} & \text{if } WCMS_{Kd} > 0\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

2.3.12. The Proportional Free Allocation *PFA* is given by

$$PFA = \sum_{Kd} \frac{(1 - VAC_d) \times MFA_{Kd}}{DIY}$$

Capacity Volume Charges

2.3.13. The Wholesale Charges Scheme defines meter related charges in respect of a limited number of meter sizes, and for each non-zero Chargeable Meter Size provides a mapping from the Chargeable Meter Size to an entry in the corresponding table of meter sizes.

2.3.14. The Central Systems holds a related table comprising Lower Meter Size (LMS_i) , Upper Meter Size (UMS_i) and the Capacity Volume Threshold (CVT_i) for $i = 1...n_T$, where

$$LMS_1 = 1$$

 $LMS_i = UMS_{i-1} + 1$ for $i = 2...n_T$
 $UMS_{n_T} = \infty$ (in practice, the largest integer representable in the CS)

and n_T is the number of entries in the table.

2.3.15. Thus each Water Chargeable Meter Size $WCMS_{Kd} > 0$ falls uniquely within a single band $LMS_i \leq WCMS_{Kd} \leq UMS_i$, and each such band (LMS_i, UMS_i) maps to a unique Capacity Volume Threshold $CVT_i = CVT_i(LMS_i, UMS_i)$

2.3.16. The Meter Capacity Volume Threshold $(MCVT_{Kd})$ is then given by the table of Capacity Volume Thresholds as

$$MCVT_{Kd} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } WCMS_{Kd} = 0\\ CVT_i(LMS_i, UMS_i) \times MA_{Kd} & \text{if } WCMS_{Kd} > 0\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where (LMS_i, UMS_i) is the band corresponding to $WCMS_{Kd}$

2.3.17. The Proportional Capacity Volume Threshold (PCVT) applicable for the SPID for the year is given by

$$PCVT = \sum_{Kd} \frac{(1 - VAC_d) \times MCVT_{Kd}}{DIY}$$

Volumetric charges

2.3.18. For each T17 Meter Chain which has a Chargeable Period in the Settlement Year, for each Settlement Day d in the T17 Meter Chain Chargeable Period, establish whether the day is within a Meter Pre-Advance Period, a Meter Advance Period (MAP) or a Meter Post-Advance Period. (see definitions in section A.3). ¹

2.3.19. For each Settlement Day d within a Meter Advance Period, the Meter Advance Volume (MAV) is given by $MAV = R_2 - R_1 + \text{flag}_2 \times 10^n$ where

 D_1 is the first date of the Meter Advance Period;

 R_1 is the corresponding read;

 ${\cal D}_2$ is the day after the last date of the Meter Advance Period.

 R_2 is corresponding read;

 $flag_2 = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if the Rollover Flag has been set for the meter reading } R_2 \\ 0 & \text{it has not been set, and} \end{cases}$

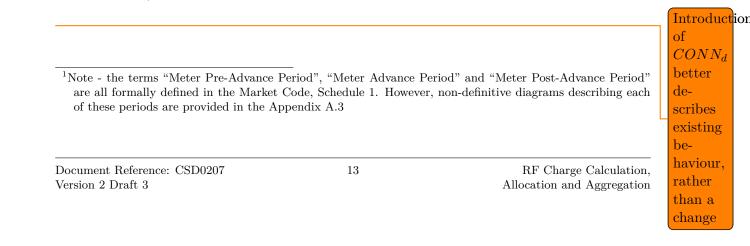
n is number of digits on the meter dial

2.3.20. Compute the Meter Advance Chargeable Days *MACD* as

$$MACD = \sum_{d=D_1}^{D_2-1} (1 - VAC_d) \times (1 - TDISC_d) \times CONN_d$$

where

 $TDISC_d = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if the SPID is Temporarily Disconnected during the Settlement Day } d; \text{ or } \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$



$$CONN_d = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } D_l^A <= d < D_u^A, \text{ and} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

2.3.21. For each day d within the Meter Advance Period compute the Unadjusted Actual Daily Volume $UADV_{Kd}$ as

$$UADV_{Kd} = \frac{MAV}{MACD}$$

and the Actual Daily Volume ADV_{Kd} as

$$ADV_{Kd} = \begin{cases} \frac{MAV}{MACD} & \text{if } MACD > 0\\ 0 & \text{if } MACD = 0 \end{cases}$$

2.3.22. For days within a Meter Post-Advance Period compute the Unadjusted Estimated Daily Volume $UEDV_{Kd}$ as

 $UEDV_{Kd} = UADV_{Kd'}$ for the last day d' for which there is a value of $UADV_{Kd'}$

2.3.23. The Estimated Daily Volume EDV_{Kd} is calculated as

$$EDV_{Kd} = UEDV_{Kd} \times (1 - VAC_d) \times (1 - TDISC_d)$$

2.3.24. For days within a Meter Pre-Advance Period compute the Unadjusted Estimated Daily Volume $UEDV_{Kd}$ as

 $UEDV = \begin{cases} \frac{YVE}{DIY} & \text{for the meter in the T17 Meter Chain if that meter has an LP } YVE; \text{ else} \\ \\ \frac{ILE}{DIY} & \text{the Industry Level Estimate for that meter} \end{cases}$

2.3.25. To establish the *ILE* for a meter K for the Settlement Day d first establish the Water Chargeable Meter Size $WCMS_{Kd}$

corrected an error which stated result was undefined where TMS=0

RF Charge Calculation,

Allocation and Aggregation

2.3.26. The Central Systems have a table Industry Level Estimates, comprising a series of monotonically increasing Meter Size MS_i and Industry Level Estimates ILE_i , for $i = 1...n_T$ where n_T is the number of entries in the table. (*Note* This is potentially a different n_T from the one in 2.3.13) Then the Tabular Meter Size (TMS_{Kd}) in respect of the Industry Level Estimate for the T17 Meter Chain K for the Settlement Day d is

 $TMS_{Kd} = \begin{cases} MS_j & \text{where } j \text{ has the minimum value such that } MS_j >= WCMS_{Kd} \\ MS_{n_T} & \text{if } WCMS_{Kd} >= MS_{n_T}; \text{ else} \end{cases}$

and the Industry Level Estimate (ILE) for the T17 Meter Chain K for the Settlement Day d is then given by the table of Industry Level Estimates as

$$ILE = ILE_i(TMS_{Kd})$$

2.3.27. The Estimated Daily Volume EDV_{Kd} is calculated as

$$EDV_{Kd} = UEDV_{Kd} \times (1 - VAC_d) \times (1 - TDISC_d)$$

2.3.28. For all K, d compute the Daily Volume DV_{Kd}

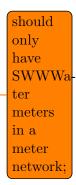
 $DV_{Kd} = \begin{cases} ADV_{Kd} & \text{for periods within a Meter Advance Period} \\ EDV_{Kd} & \text{for period within a Meter Pre-Advance or Post-Advance Period} \\ 0 & \text{for any other Settlement Day } d \end{cases}$

2.3.29. For each meter K, and Settlement Day d, the Derived Daily Volume DDV_{Kd} is calculated as

 $DDV_{Kd} = \begin{cases} DV_{Kd} - \sum_{L} DV_{Ld} & \text{or} \\ 0 & \text{for any } d \text{ not in the T17 Meter Chain Chargeable Period} \end{cases}$

where the sum is over all meters L which are sub-meters of meter K. The derivation of the appropriate terms DV_{Ld} for the sub-meters is the same as for the meter K.

Note The above equation describes the subtraction of sub-meter volumes from a main meter volume to establish the Derived Daily Volume. It has not yet been possible to verify that interaction of (i) the subtraction of the meter volumes, and (ii) the shifting of volumes described above in respect of vacancy works precisely in the order specified by the equation. The intention is to document the Central Systems behaviour rather than to propose any changes to the Central Systems behaviour.



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was un-

defined where TMS=0

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2.3.30. The Actual Yearly Volume(AYV) for the Water SPID is then

$$AYV = \sum_{Kd} DDV_{Kd} \times (1 - PVT_K)$$

Volumes for the LUVA charges

2.3.31. For each Settlement Day d in the SPID Settlement Chargeable Period define LUVA Chargeable (LC_d) as

$$LC_d = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if the SPID has the LUVA flag set, and } SWMC_d > 0 \\ 0 & \text{if the SPID does not have the LUVA flag set, or } SWMC_d = 0 \end{cases}$$

2.3.32. Compute the Total LUVA Days (*TLD*) as

$$TLD = \sum_{D_l^S < =d < D_u^S} LC_d \times (1 - VAC_d)$$

2.3.33. The LUVA Proportion *LUVAP* is defined as

$$LUVAP = \frac{TLD}{DIY}$$

2.3.34. The Proportional LUVA Volume limits *PLVLL*, *PLV*1 and *PLV*2 are given by

$$PLVLL = LUVAP \times VLL$$
$$PLV1 = LUVAP \times V1$$
$$PLV2 = LUVAP \times V2$$

where VLL is the lower limit for the LUVA Adjustment as defined in the Wholesale Charges Scheme.

2.3.35. Define the LUVA Annual Volume (LAV) (which is similar to the AYV sum above as defined in paragraph 2.3.30) except that the condition that the SPID has the LUVA flag set for each Settlement Day must be applied.

$$LAV = \sum_{Kd} DDV_{Kd} \times LC_d \times (1 - PVT_K)$$

Phasing Premium

Document Reference: CSD0207 Version 2 Draft 3 **2.3.36.** For each Settlement Day d in the SPID Settlement Chargeable Period, for each T17 Meter Chain K define Premium Chargeable (PC_{Kd}) as

$$PC_{Kd} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } WCMS_{Kd} = 0\\ 1 & \text{if the SPID is not in a LUVA period, and} \\ 1 <= LMS_i <= 20 \text{ and } MA_{Kd} > 0\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where LMS_i is the lower limit of the band (LMS_i, UMS_i) corresponding to $WCMS_{Kd}$ identified in paragraphs 2.3.13 ff.

2.3.37. Define the Uncapped Premium Annual Volume *UPAV* as

$$UPAV = \sum_{Kd} DDV_{Kd} \times PC_{Kd} \times (1 - PVT_K)$$

2.3.38. Define the Total Premium Days *TPD* as

$$TPD = \sum_{Kd} (1 - VAC_d) \times PC_{Kd}$$

2.3.39. Define the Proportional Premium Volume Limit *PPVL* as

$$PPVL = \sum_{Kd} \frac{(1 - VAC_d) \times MCVT_{Kd} \times PC_{Kd}}{DIY}$$

Charges - the Standard Volume Charges

2.3.40. The Wholesale Charges Scheme defines charges for a volume V which is allocated across different charge bands (based upon a whole year's usage) in accordance with paragraph 2.3.4

2.3.41. The Proportional Free Allocation is PFA and the Proportional Volume Limits are PV1 and PV2 have already been defined. The Actual Yearly Volume is AYV. Then allocate the AYV into the different charge bands for the Allocated Tranche VFA, and Charge Bands

1, 2 and 3 (VA1, VA2 and VA3) as

$$VFA = \max(\min(AYV, PFA), 0)$$
$$VA1 = \max(\min(AYV, PV1) - PFA, 0)$$
$$VA2 = \max(\min(AYV, PV2) - PV1, 0)$$
$$VA3 = \max(AYV - PV2, 0)$$

2.3.42. The Standard Volume Charge (*SVCHARGE*) is defined as

 $SVCHARGE = B_1 * VA1 + B_2 * VA2 + B_3 * VA3$

Charges - Capacity Volume Charges

2.3.43. If the Capacity Volume Price as defined in the Scheme of Charges is CVP, then the Capacity Volume Charge CVCHARGE is

 $CVCHARGE = CVP \times \max(\min(AYV, PCVT) - PFA, 0)$

Charges - LUVA Adjustment

2.3.44. Allocate the LUVA Annual Volume (LAV) into volumes LVA1, LVA2 and LVA3 over the various charge bands to establish the LUVA adjustment.

$$LVA1 = \max(\min(LAV, PLV1) - PLVLL, 0)$$
$$LVA2 = \max(\min(LAV, PLV2) - PLV1, 0)$$
$$LVA3 = \max(LAV - PLV2, 0)$$

2.3.45. If the LUVA adjustments are LPP1, LPP2 and LPP3² then the LUVA Adjustment Charge (LACHARGE) is

 $LACHARGE = LPP1 * B_1 * LVA1 + LPP2 * B_2 * LVA2 + LPP3 * B_3 * LVA3$

Charges - Phasing Premium

 $^{^{2}}$ Expressed as a percentages in Central Systems, but used here as fractions

2.3.46. The Proportional Phasing Premium Free Allocation (*PPPFA*) is

$$PPPFA = \frac{TPD \times VFA}{DIY}$$

and the Premium Volume (PVA) on which the charge is payable is therefore

$$PVA = \max(\min(UPAV, PPVL, AYV) - PPPFA, 0)$$

2.3.47. If the Premium Phasing for the Year is PP_Y ³ then the Phasing Premium Charge *PPCHARGE* is given by

$$PPCHARGE = PP_Y \times (B_1 + CVP) \times PVA$$

AWA

2.3.48. The Annual Weighted Average (*AWA*) for the SPID is then given by:

$$AWA = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } AYV <= 0\\ \\ \frac{SVCHARGE + CVCHARGE + LACHARGE + PPCHARGE}{AYV} & \text{if } AYV > 0 \end{cases}$$

2.4. Measured Supply Points - Charges

2.4.1. Define the Discounts for the SPID for each day d in the SPID Chargeable Period, i.e. Water Schedule 3 $(WS3_d)$, Schedule 29e $(S29e_d)$ and whether the SPID is eligible for Scottish Government Exemption Scheme $(SGES_d)$.

Meter Based Charges

2.4.2. Carry out the following calculations for each SPID which has a SPID Settlement Chargeable Period for the RF Settlement Period.

³Expressed as a percentage in Central Systems, but used here as a fraction

2.4.3. Carry out the following calculations for each T17 Meter Chain which has a Chargeable Period for that RF Settlement Period:

2.4.4. In accordance with 2.3.13 the Wholesale Charges Scheme defines meter related charges in respect of a limited number of meter sizes, and for each non-zero Chargeable Meter Size provides a mapping from the Chargeable Meter Size to an entry in the corresponding table of meter sizes.

2.4.5. The Central Systems holds a related table comprising Lower Meter Size (LMS_i) , Upper Meter Size (UMS_i) and the Water Meter Annual Non-Volumetric Charges $(WMANVC_i)$ for $i = 1...n_T$, where

 $LMS_1 = 1$ $LMS_i = UMS_{i-1} + 1$ for $i = 2...n_T$ $UMS_{n_T} = \infty$ (in practice, the largest integer representable in the CS)

and n_T is the number of entries in the table.

2.4.6. Thus each Water Chargeable Meter Size $WCMS_{Kd} > 0$ falls uniquely within a single band $LMS_i \ll WCMS_{Kd} \ll UMS_i$, and each such band (LMS_i, UMS_i) maps to a unique Water Meter Annual Non-Volumetric Charges $WMANVC_i = WMANVC_i(LMS_i, UMS_i)$

2.4.7. The Unadjusted Water Meter Based Charge $(UWMBC_{Kd})$ is then given by the table of Water Meter Annual Non-Volumetric Charges as

$$UWMBC_{Kd} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } WCMS_{Kd} = 0\\ \\ \frac{WMANVC_i(LMS_i, UMS_i) \times MA_{Kd} * (1 - VAC_d)}{DIY} & \text{if } WCMS_{Kd} > 0\\ \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where (LMS_i, UMS_i) is the band corresponding to $WCMS_{Kd}$

2.4.8. The Unadjusted Discounted Water Meter Based Charge $(UDWMBC_{Kd})$ is then given

$$UDWMBC_{Kd} = UWMBC_{Kd} \times (1 - WS3_d - S29e_d)$$

Document Reference: CSD0207 Version 2 Draft 3 **2.4.9.** The Transition Adjusted Water Meter Based Charge $TAWMBC_{Kd}$ is

$$TAWMBC_{Kd} = \begin{cases} UDWMBC_{Kd} & \text{if not on Transition} \\ MT_Y \times UDWMBC_{Kd} & \text{if on Transistion} \end{cases}$$

where MT_Y is the Metering Transition ⁴ applicable for the Financial Year Y. For the Financial Year Y = 2008-09, $MT_Y = 0\%$, and for Y = 2009-10, $MT_Y = 33\%$. The Metering Transitions for other years are defined in the relevant Wholesale Charges Scheme.

2.4.10. The Water Meter Based Charge ⁵ $WMBC_{Kd}$ is

$$WMBC_{Kd} = \begin{cases} TAWMBC_{Kd} & \text{if not } SGES_d \text{ or } SER_d = 0\\ -SGESWR_Y/(DIY \times SER_d) & \text{if } SGES_d \text{ and } SER_d > 0 \end{cases}$$

where $SGESWR_Y$ is the SGES Water refund applicable for the Financial Year Y, and where SER_d is the number of Service Element Reports for the SPID.

2.4.11. For each Settlement Day *d* for a Water SPID there are:

- two Service Element Reports for each T17 Meter Chain which is chargeable on that day;
- two Service Element Reports for each Unmeasurable Service Element which is chargeable on that day; and
- a Service Element Report for each Miscellaneous Charge which is chargeable on that day. The Miscellaneous charges are:
 - Field Troughs and Drinking Bowls; and
 - Outside Taps.
 - Water Services to Caravans.

2.4.12. The CMA will allocate the Meter Based Charge to Licensed Provider for which the SPID was registered in respect of each Settlement Day. It will then aggregate Volumes and Charges, and report them in accordance with CSD0201.

Volumetric Charges

2.4.13. The Unadjusted Daily Metered Cost $(UDMC_{Kd})$ is

⁴Expressed as a percentage in Central Systems, but used here as a fraction

⁵There are rare circumstances where the allocation of the SGES refund in the Central Systems is not uniformly distributed across the various Service Element Reports as in this equation. This is as a result of the practical implementation of the algorithms described in this CSD, which are based upon calculating charges for chunks of time where the charging parameters are otherwise constant. However, even in such cases, the total of the SGES distributed across the various Service Elements will still be correct

2.4.14. Apply the Transition Adjustment to obtain the Transition Adjusted Daily Metered Cost $TADMC_d$

$$TADMC_{Kd} = \begin{cases} UDMC_{Kd} & \text{if not on Transition} \\ MT_Y \times UDMC_{Kd} & \text{if on Transition} \end{cases}$$

2.4.15. The Daily Metered Cost $^{6} DMC_{Kd}$ is

$$DMC_{Kd} = \begin{cases} TADMC_{Kd} & \text{if not } SGES_d \text{ or } SER_d = 0\\ -SGESWR_Y/(DIY \times SER_d) & \text{if } SGES_d \text{ and } SER_d > 0 \end{cases}$$

2.4.16. The CMA will allocate the Meter Based Charge to the Licensed Provider for which the SPID was registered in respect of each Settlement Day. It will then aggregate Volumes and Charges, and report them in accordance with CSD0201.

2.5. Unmeasured Supply Points - Overview

2.5.1. Consider the charges for Unmeasured Supply Points including both RV based charges and Re-assessed Charges.

2.5.2. The following Water SPIDs are subject to Unmeasured Charging:

- RV Based Charging
 - Water SPIDs with meters which are subject to transition charging
 - Water SPIDs which do not have meters and are subject to transition charging
 - Water SPIDs which have been declared unmeasurable
- Re-assessed Charging
 - Water SPIDs which have been agreed are subject to Re-assessed Charging

Further information on transition charging is provided in the Appendices to CSD0205.

 $^{^6\}mathrm{Compare}$ the footnote at section ~2.4.10

RV Non-Volumetric Charges

2.6.1. Define the discounts for the SPID for each day d in the SPID Chargeable Period ie Water Schedule 3 ($WS3_d$), Schedule 29e (S29e) and whether the SPID is eligible for the Scottish Government Exemption Scheme ($SGES_d$).

2.6.2. The SPID Settlement Chargeable Period has already been defined as the period time given by the days D_l^S , D_u^S .

2.6.3. The relevant SPID RV Unmeasurable Period is defined as the period of time for which either:

- The Water SPID has an active meter which is subject to transition charging;
- The Water SPID does not have a meter, but is subject to transition charging; or
- The Water SPID has been declared unmeasurable

and is likewise given by a pair of days D_l^{RV}, D_u^{RV} .

2.6.4. Then the SPID RV Unmeasurable Chargeable Period $D_l^C \ll d < D_u^C$ which is the (possibly empty) sub-period for which the RV Unmeasurable Period intersects the SPID Settlement Chargeable Period, and is given by D_l^C , D_u^C where

 $\begin{array}{lcl} D_l^C &=& \max(D_l^{RV},D_l^S) \\ D_u^C &=& \min(D_u^{RV},D_u^S) \end{array}$

2.6.5. If $D_l^C >= D_u^C$ then the SPID does not have an RV Unmeasurable Period for that RF Settlement Period.

2.6.6. For each Settlement Day d in the SPID RV Unmeasurable Chargeable Period define the Rateable Value RV_d

2.6.7. In accordance with the Wholesale Scheme of Charges define the Water Chargeable Meter Size $(WCMS_d)$ which corresponds to RV_d , and each $WCMS_i$ corresponds to a unique Water Meter Annual Non-Volumetric Charge $(WMANVC_i = WMANVC_i(WCMS_d))$.

Document Reference: CSD0207 Version 2 Draft 3 **2.6.8.** The Unadjusted Water Meter Based Charge $(UWMBC_d)$ is given by the table of Water Meter Annual Non-Volumetric Charges as

$$UWMBC_{d} = \frac{WMANVC_{i}(WCMS_{i}) * (1 - VAC_{d})}{DIY}$$

2.6.9. The Unadjusted Discounted Water Meter Based Charge $(UDWMBC_d)$ is then given by

 $UDWMBC_d = UWMBC_d * (1 - WS3_d - S29e_d)$

2.6.10. For each Settlement Day d the Transition Adjusted Water Meter Based Charge $TAWMBC_d$ is

 $TAWMBC_{d} = \begin{cases} UDWMBC_{d} & \text{if the SPID has been declared Unmeasurable} \\ UDWMBC_{d} & \text{if the SPID is on Transition and} \\ & \text{does not have an Active meter} \\ (1 - MT_{Y}) \times UDWMBC_{d} & \text{if the SPID is on Transition and has an Active meter} \end{cases}$

where MT_Y is the Metering Transition ^{*a*} applicable for the Financial Year Y. For the Financial Year Y = 2008-09, $MT_Y = 0\%$, and for Y = 2009-10, $MT_Y = 33\%$. The Metering Transitions for other years are as defined in the relevant Wholesale Charges Scheme.

^aExpressed as a percentage in Central Systems, but used here as a fraction

2.6.11. The Water Meter Based Charge ⁷ $WMBC_d$ is

$$WMBC_{d} = \begin{cases} TAWMBC_{d} & \text{if not } SGES_{d} \text{ or } SER_{d} = 0\\ -SGESWR_{Y}/(DIY \times SER_{d}) & \text{if } SGES_{d} \text{ and } SER_{d} > 0 \end{cases}$$

where as above $SGESWR_Y$ is the SGES Water refund applicable for the Financial Year Y, and SER_d is the number of Service Element Reports for the SPID.

2.6.12. The CMA will allocate the Meter Based Charge to Licensed Provider for which the SPID was registered in respect of each Settlement Day. It will then aggregate Volumes and Charges, and report them in accordance with CSD0201.

RV Volumetric Charges

better descrip-

tion of

tion/percent

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usage

⁷Compare the footnote at section 2.4.10

2.6.13. For each each Settlement Day d in the SPID RV Unmeasurable Chargeable Period define the Rateable Value RV_d

2.6.14. The equivalent Actual Yearly Volume AYV_d given by

$$AYV_d = \begin{cases} (0.0373 \times RV_d - 24) \times (1 - VAC_d) & \text{if } RV_d >= 650\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

and the equivalent Derived Daily Volume DDV_d is given by

$$DDV_d = \frac{AYV_d}{DIY}$$

2.6.15. The same calculation used to derive AWA in section 2.3 can be used to derive an Equivalent AWA AWA_d for each day of the RV Unmeasurable Chargeable Period, based upon an equivalent whole year calculation and using the equivalent Actual Yearly Volume AYV_d and the meter size $WCMS_d$.

2.6.16. The Unadjusted Daily Metered Cost $(UDMC_d)$ is given by

$$UDMC_d = AWA_d \times DDV_d * (1 - WS3_d - S29e_d)$$

2.6.17. Apply the Transition Adjustment to obtain the Transition Adjusted Daily Metered Cost $TADMC_d$

$$TADMC_{d} = \begin{cases} UDMC_{d} & \text{if the SPID has been declared Unmeasurable} \\ UDMC_{d} & \text{if the SPID is on Transition and does not have} \\ & \text{an Active meter} \\ (1 - MT_{Y}) \times UDMC_{d} & \text{if the SPID is on Transition and has an Active meter} \end{cases}$$

2.6.18. The Daily Metered Cost ⁸ DMC_d is

$$DMC_d = \begin{cases} TADMC_d & \text{if not } SGES_d \text{ or } SER_d = 0\\ -SGESWR_Y/(DIY \times SER_d) & \text{if } SGES_d \text{ and } SER_d > 0 \end{cases}$$

2.6.19. The CMA will allocate the Meter Based Charge to the Licensed Provider for which the SPID was registered in respect of each Settlement Day. It will then aggregate Volumes and Charges, and report them in accordance with CSD0201.

Document Reference: CSD0207 Version 2 Draft 3

 $^{^{8}}$ Compare the footnote at section 2.4.10

2.7. Re-assessed Charges

2.7.1. Re-assessed Charges were introduced on 1st April 2009. However, it should be noted that the methods within the Central Systems for calculating Re-assessed Charges do not carry out any verification that the data only applies for periods of time on or after the date of introduction of Re-assessed Charges.

2.7.2. Re-assessed Charges are implemented by the use of Pseudo Meters. CSD0104 describes the installation, removal and maintenance of Pseudo Meters.

2.7.3. Subject to the one minor exception noted in the following paragraph, the CMA computes charges for Pseudo Meters as for all other T17 Meter Chains in accordance with sections 2.3 and 2.4. For example, where a SPID has a Pseudo Meter installed for part of a year and a physical meter for part of the year, the CMA will compute a single AWA which is applicable to both the Pseudo Meter volume and the physical meter volume.

2.7.4. When a Pseudo Meter is installed, Scottish Water is obliged under CSD0104 to provide an opening meter read of 0, and a YVE. While the Pseudo Meter is installed, the CMA will reject any other meter reads which are submitted. The CMA will therefore compute the Derived Daily Volume using the value of YVE submitted by Scottish Water. When a Pseudo Meter is removed, Scottish Water must provide a final closing meter read of 0. However, the CMA does not store the closing meter within the meter reads table. Thus, following the removal of the Pseudo Meter, and the CMA will continue to compute the Derived Daily Volumes during a T17 Meter Chain Chargeable Period using the value of YVE submitted, rather than using the opening and closing meter reads of 0 (which would otherwise provide a zero volume).

2.8. Miscellaneous Charges

2.8.1. This section applies to the following Miscellaneous Charges:

- Field Troughs and Drinking Bowls; and
- Outside Taps.
- Water Services to Caravans.

2.8.2. It should be noted that charges for Water Services to Caravans have been removed from the 2010-2011 Wholesale Charges Scheme. The method for dealing with such charges remains within the Central Systems, but the relevant charges have been set to zero.

2.8.3. Define the Discounts for the SPID for each day d in the SPID Chargeable Period ie Water Schedule 3 ($WS3_d$), Schedule 29e ($S29e_d$) and whether the SPID is eligible for Scottish Government Exemption Scheme ($SGES_d$).

2.8.4. The SPID Settlement Chargeable Period has already been defined as the period time given by the days D_l^S , D_u^S . As above define the relevant Chargeable Period for each of the Miscellaneous Charges.

2.8.5. For each miscellaneous charge define and for each Settlement Day d in the relevant Chargeable period define

- the number of Troughs and Drinking Bowls (TDB_d) ; and
- the number of Outside Taps (OT_d) .
- the number of Caravans with Water Services to Caravans WSC_d.

2.8.6. Also for each Settlement Day *d* define

$$FARM_d = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if the SPID is classified as being a farm} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

and

 $CROFT_d = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if the SPID is classified as being a croft} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

2.8.7. Let the following prices be defined as per the Wholesale Charges Scheme:

Annual Price Farm Troughs and Drinking Bowls	FTDBP
Annual Price Croft Troughs and Drinking Bowls	CTDBP
Annual Price Farm Outside Tap	FOTP
Annual Price Croft Outside Tap	COTP

2.8.8. Calculate the Unadjusted Troughs and Drinking Bowls Charge $UTDBC_d$ and the Unadjusted Outside Taps Charge $UOTC_d$ as

$$UTDBC_{d} = (FTDBP \times FARM_{d} + CTDBP \ast CROFT_{d}) \times TDB_{d} \times (1 - VAC_{d})/DIY$$
$$UOTC_{d} = (FOTP \times FARM_{d} + COTP \times CROFT_{d}) \times OT_{d} \times (1 - VAC_{d})/DIY$$

2.8.9. The Unadjusted Discounted Troughs and Drinking Bowls Charge $UDTDBC_d$ and the Unadjusted Discounted Outside Taps Charge $UDOTC_d$ are given by

$$UDTDBC_d = UTDBC_d \times (1 - WS3_d - S29e_d)$$
$$UDOTC_d = UOTC_d \times (1 - WS3_d - S29e_d)$$

2.8.10. The Troughs and Drinking Bowls Charge $TDBC_d$ and the Outside Taps Charge OTC_d are given by ⁹

$$OTC_{d} = \begin{cases} UDOTC_{d} & \text{if not } SGES_{d} \text{ or } SER_{d} = 0 \\ -SGESWR_{Y}/(DIY \times SER_{d}) & \text{if } SGES_{d} \text{ and } SER_{d} > 0 \end{cases}$$
$$TDBC_{d} = \begin{cases} UDTDBC_{d} & \text{if not } SGES_{d} \text{ or } SER_{d} = 0 \\ -SGESWR_{Y}/(DIY \times SER_{d}) & \text{if } SGES_{d} \text{ and } SER_{d} > 0 \end{cases}$$

where as above $SGESWR_Y$ is the SGES Water refund applicable for the Financial Year Y, and SER_d is the number of Service Element Reports for the SPID.

2.8.11. The CMA will allocate the Miscellaneous Charges to the Licensed Provider for which the SPID was registered in respect of each Settlement Day. It will then aggregate the volumes and charges, and report them in accordance with CSD0201.

 $^{^{9}}$ Compare the footnote at section 2.4.10

3. Primary Sewerage Charges

3.1. General

3.1.1. The following calculation is carried out for each Sewerage SPID which is or has been Tradable when the Settlement Run is carried out. This includes SPIDs which are currently Tradable or Temporarily Disconnected, as well as Disconnected or Deregistered SPIDs which have been Tradable. The calculation excludes SPIDs which are Disconnected or Deregistered but were New, Partial or Rejected when they were so Disconnected or Deregisterd.

3.1.2. A Settlement Day runs from midnight to midnight.

3.1.3. The RF Settlement Period is defined by a pair of days D_l^{RF} , D_u^{RF} such that the RF Settlement Period comprises Settlement Days d such that $D_l^{RF} \le d < D_u^{RF}$. Note that the lowest bound day D_l^{RF} is included, but the upper bound day D_u^{RF} is not. In this description the full Settlement Year 2008-09 would be described by:

 $D_l^{RF} = 1$ st April 2008 $D_u^{RF} = 1$ st April 2009

3.1.4. If the SPID has a Permanent Disconnection Date, define the SPID Disconnection Date to be the date of Permanent Disconnection. If the SPID has a Deregistration Date, define the SPID Disconnection Date to be the date of Deregistration.

3.1.5. Define the SPID Chargeable Period as the period for which the SPID is in (potentially) charge (from the SPID Connection Date to the day before the SPID Disconnection Date (if it exists) or the last day of the tariff year (if the SPID Disconnection Date does note exist) inclusive. Here, "potentially" refers to the condition above that the SPID is or has been Tradable. This SPID Chargeable Period can equivalently be defined by a pair of days D_l^A , D_u^A where

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the Water section

graphs

graded

as per

 $D_l^A =$ SPID connection date

 $D_u^A = \begin{cases} & \text{the SPID Disconnection Date, if it exists} \\ & \text{the day immediately after the end of the tariff year, otherwise} \end{cases}$

and the SPID is chargeable for all days d where $d \ge D_l^A$ and $d < D_u^A$. The lower bound day is included, but the upper bound day is not.

3.1.6. If $D_l^A >= D_u^A$ then there are no chargeable days.

3.1.7. For the avoidance of doubt the SPID Chargeable Period includes periods of vacancies, temporary disconnections, SGES etc. Appropriate adjustments for charges for these periods are made further on in the algorithm

3.1.8. For each Sewerage SPID, establish the SPID Settlement Chargeable Period $D_l^S <= d < D_u^S$ which is the (possibly empty) sub-period for which the SPID Chargeable Period intersects the RF Settlement Period, and is given by D_l^S , D_u^S where

$$\begin{array}{rcl} D_l^S &=& \max(D_l^A,D_l^{RF})\\ D_u^S &=& \min(D_u^A,D_u^{RF}) \end{array}$$

3.1.9. if $D_l^S >= D_u^S$ then the Sewerage SPID does not have a SPID Settlement Chargeable Period for that RF Settlement Period. If there is no such SPID Settlement Chargeable Period then set AWA = 0 and skip the rest of the AWA Calculation for this Sewerage SPID.

3.2. Measured Supply Points - Overview

3.2.1. First compute the AWA for each Sewerage SPID which is either a Measured Supply Point or a Re-assessed Supply Point, and then compute, allocate and aggregate the Meter Based Charges and the Volumetric Charges. Re-assessed charges are implemented as if they were metered charges, see section 3.7 for details.

3.3. AWA Algorithm for Sewerage SPID

3.3.1. Establish if there is a Related Water Supply Point (RWSP). If there is no such Related Water Supply Point, then set AWA = 0 and skip the rest of the AWA Calculation for this Sewerage SPID.

3.3.2. For each T17 Meter Chain K associated with the RWSP (a "Related T17 Meter Chain") establish the T17 Meter Chain Active Period $D_{Kl}^A \le d < D_{Ku}^A$. If the Related T17 Meter Chain has not been removed from the RWSP then set $D_{Ku}^A = D_u^{RF}$

3.3.3. For each Related T17 Meter Chain K, define the T17 Meter Chain Chargeable Period $D_{Kl}^C \le d < D_{Ku}^C$ which is the (possibly empty) sub-period for which the Active Period intersects the SPID Settlement Chargeable Period for the Sewerage SPID, and is given by D_{Kl}^C , D_{Ku}^C where

$$\begin{array}{lcl} D^C_{Kl} &=& \max(D^A_{Kl},D^S_l)\\ D^C_{Ku} &=& \min(D^A_{Ku},D^S_u) \end{array}$$

3.3.4. If $D_{Kl}^C >= D_{Ku}^C$ then the Related T17 Meter Chain does not have a Chargeable Period for that RF Settlement Period.

3.3.5. Establish the if there are any Trade Effluent consents (DPIDs) associated with the Sewerage SPID. For each such DPID T^{10} associated with the Sewerage SPID establish the DPID Active Period $D_{Tl}^A <= d < D_{Tu}^A$

3.3.6. For each DPID T the DPID Chargeable Period $D_{Tl}^C \le d < D_{Tu}^C$ is the (possibly empty) sub-period for which the DPID Active Period intersects the SPID Settlement Chargeable Period for the Sewerage SPID, and is given by D_{Tl}^C , D_{Tu}^C where

$$\begin{array}{rcl} D_{Tl}^C &=& \max(D_{Tl}^A, D_l^S) \\ D_{Tu}^C &=& \min(D_{Tu}^A, D_u^S) \end{array}$$

3.3.7. If $D_{Tl}^C >= D_{Tu}^C$ then the DPID does not have a Chargeable Period for that RF Settlement Period.

3.3.8. For each Settlement Day d for each DPID T with a Chargeable Period $D_{Tl}^C <= d < D_{Tu}^C$, establish the Non Domestic Allowance NDA_{Td} . For all other days d for each DPID T set $NDA_{Td} = 0$.

Note a difference in the setting of NDA pre and post MCCP095

¹⁰The subscript T indicates its a DPID

Note there is a difference in interpretation between the usage of *NDA* for Settlement Runs covering periods before 1st April 2013 and those on or after 1st April 2013. ^{*a*} For Settlement Runs covering period before 1st April 2013 the cutover, *NDA* referred to a non-domestic allowance for the whole of the Sewerage SPID. For Settlement Runs covering periods after 1st April 2013, *NDA* refers to a non-domestic allowance only in respect of Water Meters (SWWWater or PrivateWater meters) associated with the Trade Effluent DPID.

^aSee Appendix A re cutover between the methods

Sewerage Standard Volume Band Limits

3.3.9. Let the SFA be the Sewerage Allocated Tranche, and BS1 be the price for Sewerage Standard Volumes above the Allocated Tranche as defined in the Wholesale Charges Scheme. Thus:

Sewerage Standard Volume Charges	Price
Greater than zero and up to SFA	0
Greater than SFA	BS1

3.3.10. Define the Sewerage Meter Chargeable (SMC_{Kd}) for a Related T17 Meter Chain K as $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & \text{if } D^C & \text{ord} & D^C & \text{ord} & D^TC \\ \end{pmatrix}$

$$SMC_{Kd} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } D_{Kl}^C <= d < D_{Ku}^C \text{ and } RTS_{Kd} > 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where RTS_{Kd} is the Return to Sewer allowance ^{*a*} for the Related T17 Meter Chain *K* for the Settlement Day *d*.

^aExpressed as a percentage in Central Systems, but used here and elsewhere as a fraction

3.3.11. For each Settlement Day d in the SPID Settlement Chargeable Period define Total Sewerage Meter Chargeable $(TSMC_{Kd})$ as

$$TSMC_d = \sum_K SMC_{Kd}$$

Note, whereas WMC has

been renamed MA, SMChas been left un-

changed

of percentage/fraction

explanation

Sewerage Free Allocation

3.3.12. For each meter K for each Settlement Day d in the T17 Meter Chain Chargeable Period establish the Sewerage Chargeable Meter Size $SCMS_{Kd}$

3.3.13. For each day define the Meter Sewerage Free Allocation $(MSFA_{Kd})$ as

$$MSFA_{Kd} = \begin{cases} SFA \times SMC_{Kd} & \text{if } SCMS_{Kd} > 0\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

3.3.14. The Sewerage Proportional Free Allocation *SPFA* is given by

$$SPFA = \sum_{Kd} \frac{(1 - VAC_d) \times MSFA_{Kd}}{DIY}$$

Volume limits for the Sewerage Capacity Volume Charges

3.3.15. The Wholesale Charges Scheme defines meter related charges in respect of a limited number of meter sizes, and for each non-zero Sewerage Chargeable Meter Size provides a mapping from the Sewerage Chargeable Meter Size to an entry in the corresponding table of meter sizes. The table entries in respect of Sewerage do not necessarily correspond to the table entries in respect of water.

3.3.16. The Central Systems holds a related table comprising Lower Meter Size (LMS_i) , Upper Meter Size (UMS_i) and the Sewerage Capacity Volume Threshold $(SCVT_i)$ for $i = 1...n_T$, where

 $LMS_1 = 1$ $LMS_i = UMS_{i-1} + 1$ for $2 = 1...n_T$ $UMS_{n_T} = \infty$ (in practice the largest integer representable in the CS)

3.3.17. Thus each Sewerage Chargeable Meter Size $SCMS_{Kd} > 0$ falls uniquely within a single band $LMS_i \leq WCMS_{Kd} \leq UMS_i$, and each such band (LMS_i, UMS_i) maps to a unique Sewerage Capacity Volume Threshold $SCVT_i = SCVT_i(LMS_i, UMS_i)$

Document Reference: CSD0207 Version 2 Draft 3 word "Sewerage" inserted in para below **3.3.18.** The Meter Sewerage Capacity Volume Threshold $(MSCVT_{Kd})$ is then given by the table of Sewerage Capacity Volume Thresholds as

$$MSCVT_{Kd} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } SCMS_{Kd} = 0\\ SCVT_i(LMS_i, UMS_i) \times SMC_{Kd} & \text{if } SCMS_{Kd} > 0\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where (LMS_i, UMS_i) is the band corresponding to $SCMS_{Kd}$

3.3.19. The Sewerage Proportional Capacity Volume Threshold (SPCVT) applicable for the Sewerage SPID for the year is given by

$$SPCVT = \sum_{Kd} \frac{(1 - VAC_d) \times MSCVT_{Kd}}{DIY}$$

3.3.20. Then derive DDV_{Kd} as per the AWA Algorithm for Water in the paragraphs following 2.3.18

3.3.21. For Settlement Runs relating to periods before 1st April 2013, the Sewerage Derived Daily Volume $SDDV_{Kd}$ for each Related T17 Meter Chain K for each day d in a Related T17 Meter Chain Chargeable Period is

$$SDDV_{Kd} = \begin{cases} \sum_{T} \frac{(1 - VAC_d) \times (1 - TDISC_d) \times SMC_{Kd} \times NDA_{Td}}{DIY \times TSMC_d} & \text{for all days } d \text{ for which} \\ \\ DDV_{Kd} * RTS_{Kd} & \sum_{T} NDA_{Td} > 0, \text{ and } TSMC_d > 0 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

3.3.22. For Settlement Runs relating to periods after 1st April 2013 each DPID T may be associated with a meter K. This association can be described by a variable $MDASSOC_{KTd}$ which will take the value 1 when there is an association, and take the value 0 when there is no association. Each meter-DPID association has a related meter-DPID Volume $(MDVOL_{KTd})$ which represents the fraction ^a of a specific meter's volume which is associated with a DPID. For the avoidance of doubt, if there is no association, ie $MDASSOC_{KTd} = 0$, then $MDVOL_{KTd}$ will also be taken to be 0.

3.3.23. Define the term NDA Split $(NDASPLIT_{Td})$ as

$$NDASPLIT_{Td} = \sum_{K} MDASSOC_{KTd} \times SMC_{Kd}$$

Then, $SDDV_{Kd} = \begin{cases}
\frac{(1 - VAC_d) \times (1 - TDISC_d) \times SMC_{Kd}}{DIY} \times \frac{NDA_{Td}}{NDASPLIT_{Td}} \\
\sum_{\substack{T \text{ where} \\ MDASSOC_{KTd}=1 \text{ and} \\ T \text{ is active}} \\
\text{when } \sum_{\substack{T \text{ where} \\ MDASSOC_{KTd}=1 \text{ and} \\ NDASPLIT_{Td}>0 \text{ and}} \\
\frac{NDA_{Td}}{NDASPLIT_{Td}} > 0 \\
\frac{DDV_{Kd} \times RTS_{Kd} \text{ otherwise}} \\
\end{cases}$

3.3.24. Then for all Settlement Runs, Actual Sewerage Yearly Volume (ASYV) for the Sewerage SPID is then

$$ASYV = \sum_{Kd} SDDV_{Kd}$$

^aExpressed as a percentage in Central Systems but used here as a fraction

Charges - Standard Sewerage Volume Charges

3.3.25. The Wholesale Charges Scheme defines charges for a volume V which is allocated across different charge bands (based upon a whole year's usage) in accordance with paragraph 3.3.9

3.3.26. The Sewerage Proportional Free Allocation is SPFA and the Actual Sewerage Yearly Volume is ASYV have previously been defined. Then calculate the Sewerage Standard Volume Charge (SSVCHARGE) as

$$SSVCHARGE = BS1 \times \max(ASYV - SPFA, 0)$$

Charges - Sewerage Capacity Volume Charges

3.3.27. If the Sewerage Capacity Volume Price as defined in the Scheme of Charges is SCVP, then the Sewerage Capacity Volume Charge SCVCHARGE is

$$SCVCHARGE = SCVP \times \max(\min(ASYV, SPCVT) - SPFA, 0)$$

3.3.28. The Annual Weighted Average (*AWA*) for the Sewerage SPID is then given by:

$$AWA = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } ASYV <= 0 \\ \\ \frac{SSVCHARGE + SCVCHARGE}{ASYV} & \text{if } ASYV > 0 \end{cases}$$

3.4. Measured Sewerage Supply - Charges

3.4.1. The discounts for the SPID for each day d in the SPID Chargeable Period are Sewerage Schedule 3 $(SS3_d)$, Schedule 29e $(S29e_d)$ and whether the SPID is eligible for Scottish Government Exemption Scheme $(SGES_d)$.

3.4.2. Carry out the following calculations for each SPID which has a SPID Settlement Chargeable Period for the RF Settlement Period.

3.4.3. Carry out the following calculations for each Related T17 Meter Chain which has a Chargeable Period for that RF Settlement Period:

Meter Based Charges

3.4.4. As per 3.3.15 the Wholesale Charges Scheme defines meter related charges in respect of a limited number of meter sizes, and for each non-zero Chargeable Meter Size provides a mapping from the Chargeable Meter Size to an entry in the corresponding table of meter sizes.

3.4.5. The Central Systems holds a table comprising Lower Meter Size (LMS_i) , Upper Meter Size (UMS_i) and the Sewerage Meter Annual Non-Volumetric Charges $(SMANVC_i)$

for $i = 1...n_T$, where

$$LMS_1 = 1$$

 $LMS_i = UMS_{i-1} + 1$ for $i = 2...n_T$
 $UMS_{n_T} = \infty$ (in practice, the largest integer representable in the CS)

and n_T is the number of entries in the table.

3.4.6. Thus each Sewerage Chargeable Meter Size $SCMS_{Kd} > 0$ falls uniquely within a single band $LMS_i \ll SCMS_{Kd} \ll UMS_i$, and each such band (LMS_i, UMS_i) maps to a unique Sewerage Meter Annual Non-Volumetric Charged $SMANVC_i = SMANVC_i(LMS_i, UMS_i)$

3.4.7. Then Unadjusted Sewerage Meter Based Charge $(USMBC_{Kd})$ is then given by the table of Sewerage Meter Annual Non-Volumetric Charges as

$$USMBC_{Kd} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } SCMS_{Kd} = 0\\ \\ \frac{SMANVC_i(LMS_i, UMS_i) \times SMC_{Kd} \times (1 - VAC_d)}{DIY} & \text{if } SCMS_{Kd} > 0\\ \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where (LMS_i, UMS_i) is the band corresponding to $SCMS_{Kd}$

3.4.8. Then the Unadjusted Discounted Sewerage Meter Based Charge $(UDSMBC_{Kd})$ is then given

$$UDSMBC_{Kd} = USMBC_{Kd} \times (1 - SS_{d} - S29e_{d})$$

3.4.9. The Transition Adjusted Sewerage Meter Based Charge *TASMBC* is

$$TASMBC_{Kd} = \begin{cases} UDSMBC_{Kd} & \text{if not on Transition} \\ MT_Y \times UDSMBC_{Kd} & \text{if on Transition} \end{cases}$$

where MT_Y is the Metering Transition ^{*a*} applicable for the Financial Year Y. ^{*a*}Expressed as a percentage in Central Systems, but used here as a fraction better descrip-

tion of percent

age/fract

3.4.10. The Sewerage Meter Based Charge ¹¹ $SMBC_{Kd}$ is

$$SMBC_{Kd} = \begin{cases} TASMBC_{Kd} & \text{if not } SGES_d \text{ or } SER_d = 0\\ -SGESSR_Y/(DIY \times SER_d) & \text{if } SGES_d \text{ and } SER_d > 0 \end{cases}$$

where $SGESSR_Y$ is the SGES Sewer refund applicable for the Financial Year Y, and where SER_d is the number of Service Element Reports for the SPID.

3.4.11. For each Settlement Day *d* there are:

- \bullet two Service Element Reports for each Related T17 Meter Chain 12 which is chargeable on that day
- two Service Element Reports for each Unmeasurable Service Element which is chargeable on that day
- a single Service Element for each DPID which is chargeable on that day
- a Service Element Report for Roads Drainage if it is chargeable on that day
- a Service Element Report for Property Drainage if it is chargeable on that day
- a Service Element Report for Sewerage Services to Caravans if it is chargeable on that day

3.4.12. The CMA will allocate the Meter Based Charge to the Licensed Provider for which the SPID was registered in respect of each Settlement Day. It will then aggregate Volumes and Charges, and report them in accordance with CSD0201.

Sewerage Volumetric Charges

3.4.13. The Unadjusted Daily Metered Cost $(UDMC_{Kd})$ is

$$UDMC_{Kd} = AWA \times SDDV_{Kd} \times (1 - SS3_d - S29e_d)$$

3.4.14. Apply Transition Adjustment if appropriate to obtain Transition Adjusted Daily Metered Cost $TADMC_d$

 $TADMC_{d} = \begin{cases} UDMC_{Kd} & \text{if not on Transition} \\ MT_{Y} \times UDMC_{Kd} & \text{if on Transition} \end{cases}$

¹¹Compare the footnote at section 2.4.10

¹²When the RTS is zero there may be less than two Service Elements per Related T17 Meter Chain. In particular, there will be no service element for Meter Based Charges

3.4.15. The Daily Metered Cost ¹³ DMC_{Kd} is

$$DMC_{Kd} = \begin{cases} TADMC_{Kd} & \text{if not } SGES_d \text{ or } SER_d = 0\\ -SGESSR_Y/(DIY \times SER_d) & \text{if } SGES_d \text{ and } SER_d > 0 \end{cases}$$

3.4.16. The CMA will allocate the Daily Metered Cost and the Volume to Licensed Provider to whom it was Registered in respect of each Settlement Day. It will aggregate these volumes and charges, and report them in accordance with CSD0201.

3.5. Unmeasured Sewerage Supply Points - Overview

3.5.1. Consider the charges for Unmeasured Sewerage Supply Points, including both RV based charges and Re-assessed Charges.
 Re-assessed com-assessed com

3.5.2. The following Sewerage SPIDs are subject to Unmeasured charging:

- RV Based Charging
 - Sewerage SPIDs which are subject to transition charging and have a Related Water Supply Point with an active meter;
 - Sewerage SPIDs which are subject to transition charging and do not have a Related Water Supply Point with an active meter; and
 - Sewerage SPIDs which have been declared unmeasurable.
- Re-assessed Charging
 - Sewerage SPIDs which have been agreed are subject to Re-assessed Charging

Information on transition charging is provided in the Appendices to CSD0205.

3.6. RV Based Charges

RV Non-Volumetric Charges

3.6.1. The discounts for the SPID for each day d in the SPID Chargeable Period are Sewerage Schedule 3 $(SS3_d)$, Schedule 29e (S29e) and whether the SPID is eligible for the Scottish Government Exemption Scheme $(SGES_d)$.

 $^{^{13}\}mathrm{Compare}$ the footnote at section 2.4.10

3.6.2. The SPID Settlement Chargeable Period has already been defined as the period time given by the days D_l^S , D_u^S .

3.6.3. The relevant SPID RV Unmeasurable Period is defined as the period of time for which either:

- The Sewerage SPID is subject to transition charging and has a Related Water Supply Point with an active meter
- The Sewerage SPID is subject to transition charging and does not have a Related Water Supply Point with an active meter
- The Sewerage SPID has been declared unmeasurable

and is likewise given by a pair of days D_l^{RV} , D_u^{RV} .

3.6.4. The SPID RV Unmeasurable Chargeable Period $D_l^C \ll d < D_u^C$ is the (possibly empty) sub-period for which the RV Unmeasurable Period intersects the SPID Settlement Chargeable Period, and is given by D_l^C , D_u^C where

 $\begin{array}{lcl} D_l^C &=& \max(D_l^{RV},D_l^S)\\ D_u^C &=& \min(D_u^{RV},D_u^S) \end{array}$

3.6.5. If $D_l^C >= D_u^C$ then the SPID does not have an RV Unmeasurable Period for that RF Settlement Period.

3.6.6. For each Settlement Day d in the SPID RV Unmeasurable Chargeable Period define the Rateable Value RV_d

3.6.7. In accordance with the Wholesale Scheme of Charges define the Sewerage Chargeable Meter Size $(SCMS_d)$ which corresponds to RV_d , and each $SCMS_i$ corresponds to a unique Sewerage Meter Annual Non-Volumetric Charge $(SMANVC_i = SMANVC_i(SCMS_d))$.

3.6.8. The Unadjusted Sewerage Meter Based Charge $(USMBC_d)$ is given by the table of Sewerage Meter Annual Non-Volumetric Charges as

$$USMBC_{d} = \frac{SMANVC_{i}(SCMS_{i}) \times (1 - VAC_{d})}{DIY}$$

3.6.9. The Unadjusted Discounted Sewerage Meter Based Charge $(UDSMBC_d)$ is then given by

$$UDSMBC_d = USMBC_d \times (1 - SS_d - S_29e_d)$$

3.6.10. For each Settlement Day d the Transition Adjusted Water Meter Based Charge $TAWMBC_d$ is

$$TASMBC_{d} = \begin{cases} (1 - MT_{Y}) \times UDSMBC_{Kd} & \text{if the SPID is on Transition and has an Active meter} \\ UDSMBC_{d} & \text{if the SPID is on Transition and does not have} \\ & \text{an Active meter} \\ UDSMBC_{d} & \text{if the SPID has been declared Unmeasurable} \end{cases}$$

where MT_Y is the Metering Transition ^{*a*} applicable for the Financial Year Y. For the Financial Year Y = 2008-09, $MT_Y = 0\%$, and for Y = 2009-10, $MT_Y = 33\%$. The Metering Transition for other years are defined in the relevant Wholesale Charges Scheme.

better description of fraction/percent usage

 $^a\mathrm{Expressed}$ as a percentage in Central Systems, but used here as a fraction

3.6.11. The Water Meter Based Charge ¹⁴ $WMBC_d$ is

$$WMBC_{Kd} = \begin{cases} TASMBC_{Kd} & \text{if not } SGES_d \text{ or } SER_d = 0\\ -SGESSR_Y/(DIY \times SER_d) & \text{if } SGES_d \text{ and } SER_d > 0 \end{cases}$$

where $SGESSR_Y$ is the SGES Sewer refund applicable for the Financial Year Y, and where SER_d is the number of Service Element Reports for the SPID.

3.6.12. The CMA will allocate the Meter Based Charge to the Licensed Provider for which the SPID was registered in respect of each Settlement Day. It will then aggregate Volumes and Charges, and report them in accordance with CSD0201.

RV Volumetric Charges

3.6.13. For each each Settlement Day d in the SPID RV Unmeasurable Chargeable Period define the Rateable Value RV_d

 $^{^{14}\}mathrm{Compare}$ the footnote at section 2.4.10

3.6.14. The equivalent Actual Sewerage Yearly Volume $ASYV_d$ given by

$$ASYV_d = \begin{cases} 0.95 * (0.0373 \times RV_d - 24) \times (1 - VAC_d) & \text{if } RV_d >= 650\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

and the equivalent Sewerage Derived Daily Volume $SDDV_d$ is given by

$$SDDV_d = \frac{ASYV_d}{DIY}$$

3.6.15. The same calculation used to derive AWA in section 3.3.28 can be used to derive an Equivalent AWA_d for each day of the RV Unmeasurable Chargeable Period, based upon an equivalent whole year calculation and using the equivalent Actual Sewerage Yearly Volume $ASYV_d$ and the meter size $WCMS_d$.

3.6.16. The Unadjusted Daily Metered Cost $(UDMC_d) =$

$$UDMC_d = AWA_d \times DDV_d \times (1 - SS3_d - S29e_d)$$

3.6.17. Apply the Transition Adjustment to obtain the Transition Adjusted Daily Metered Cost $TADMC_d$

 $TADMC_{d} = \begin{cases} (1 - MT_{Y}) \times UDMC_{d} & \text{if the SPID is on Transition and has an Active meter} \\ UDMC_{d} & \text{if the SPID is on Transition and does not} \\ & \text{have an Active meter} \\ UDMC_{d} & \text{if the SPID has been declared Unmeasurable} \end{cases}$

3.6.18. The Daily Metered Cost DMC_d ¹⁵ is

$$DMC_d = \begin{cases} TADMC_d & \text{if not } SGES_d \text{ or } SER_d = 0\\ -SGESSR_Y/(DIY \times SER_d) & \text{if } SGES_d \text{ and } SER_d > 0 \end{cases}$$

where $SGESSR_Y$ is the SGES Sewerage refund applicable for the Financial Year Y, and where SER_d is the number of Service Element Reports for the SPID.

3.6.19. The CMA will allocate the Meter Based Charge to the Licensed Provider for which the SPID was registered in respect of each Settlement Day. It will then aggregate Volumes and Charges, and report them in accordance with CSD0201.

Document Reference: CSD0207 Version 2 Draft 3

 $^{^{15}}$ Compare the footnote at section 2.4.10

3.7. Re-assessed Charges

3.7.1. Re-assessed Charges were introduced on 1st April 2009. However, it should be noted that the methods within the Central Systems for calculating Re-assessed Charges do not carry out any verification that the data only applies for periods of time on or after the date of introduction of Re-assessed Charges.

3.7.2. Re-assessed Charges are implemented by the use of Pseudo Meters. In respect of Sewerage SPIDs, the Pseudo Meter is installed at the Related Water Supply Point. In respect of Re-assessed charges, there is always such a Related Water Supply Point as in respect of Sewerage Services only Supply Points, there will be a related Pseudo Water Services Supply Point.

3.7.3. Subject to the one minor exception noted in the following paragraph, the CMA computes charges for Pseudo Meters as for all other T17 Meter Chains in accordance with sections 3.3 and 3.4. For example, where the related Water SPID has a Pseudo Meter installed for part of a year and a physical meter intalled for part of a year, the CMA will compute a single sewerage AWA which is applicable to the sewerage volumes relating to both the Pseudo Meter and the physical meter.

3.7.4. When a Pseudo Meter is installed, Scottish Water is obliged under CSD0104 to provide an opening meter read of 0, and both a YVE and a RTS. While the Pseudo Meter is installed, the CMA will reject any other meter reads which are submitted. The CMA will therefore compute the Sewerage Derived Daily Volume using the value of YVE and RTS submitted by Scottish Water (or where applicable appropriate NDA values relating to Trade Effluent). When a Pseudo Meter is removed, Scottish Water must provide a final closing meter read of 0. However, the CMA does not store the closing meter within the meter reads table. Thus, following the removal of the Pseudo Meter, and the CMA will continue to compute the Sewerage Derived Daily Volumes during a T17 Meter Chain Chargeable Period using the values of YVE and RTS submitted (or where applicable NDA values), rather than using the opening and closing meter reads of 0 (which would otherwise provide a zero volume).

3.8. Property Drainage

3.8.1. This section applies to the Property Drainage charges.

3.8.2. The Discounts for the SPID for each day d in the SPID Chargeable Period are Sewerage Schedule 3 $(SS3_d)$, Schedule 29e $(S29e_d)$ and whether the SPID is eligible for Scottish Government Exemption Scheme $(SGES_d)$.

3.8.3. The SPID Settlement Chargeable Period has already been defined as the period time given by the days D_l^S , D_u^S . As above define the relevant Chargeable Period for Property Drainage.

3.8.4. For each Settlement Day d in the relevant Chargeable Period define the Rateable Value RV_d and whether Property Drainage (PD_d) is chargeable:

$$PD_d = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if Property Drainage is chargeable} \\ 0 & \text{if Property Drainage is not chargeable} \end{cases}$$

3.8.5. As per the Wholesale Charges Scheme define the Annual Price Property Drainage per pound Rateable value (PDP).

3.8.6. Then define the Unadjusted Property Drainage Charge $UPDC_d$ as

$$UPDC_d = PDP \times PD_d \times RV_d \times (1 - VAC_d)/DIY$$

3.8.7. The Unadjusted Discounted Property Drainage Charge $UDPDC_d$ is given by

$$UDPDC_d = UPDC_d \times (1 - SS_d - S29e_d)$$

3.8.8. The Property Drainage Charge PDC_d ¹⁶ is given by

$$PDC_{d} = \begin{cases} UDPDC_{d} & \text{if not } SGES_{d} \text{ or } SER_{d} = 0\\ -SGESSR_{Y}/(DIY \times SER_{d}) & \text{if } SGES_{d} \text{ and } SER_{d} > 0 \end{cases}$$

where as above $SGESSR_Y$ is the SGES Sewerage refund applicable for the Financial Year Y, and SER_d is the number of Service Element Reports for the SPID.

3.8.9. The CMA will allocate the Property Drainage Charges to the Licensed Provider for which the SPID was registered in respect of each Settlement Day. It will then aggregate the volumes and charges, and report them in accordance with CSD0201.

3.8.10. (*Note* There are a small number of SPIDs on Area Based Property Drainage Charges. The calculation for them is the same as above with the price per area replacing the price per pound Rateable Value, and the area replacing the Rateable Value.

 $^{^{16}}$ Compare the footnote at section 2.4.10

3.9. Roads Drainage

3.9.1. This section applies to the Roads Drainage charges.

3.9.2. The discounts for the SPID for each day d in the SPID Chargeable Period are Sewerage Schedule 3 $(SS3_d)$, Schedule 29e $(S29e_d)$ and whether the SPID is eligible for Scottish Government Exemption Scheme $(SGES_d)$.

3.9.3. The SPID Settlement Chargeable Period has already been defined as the period time given by the days D_l^S , D_u^S . As above define the relevant Chargeable Period for Property Drainage.

3.9.4. For each Settlement Day d in the relevant Chargeable Period define the Rateable Value RV_d and whether Roads Drainage (RD_d) is chargeable:

 $RD_d = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if Roads Drainage is chargeable} \\ 0 & \text{if Roads Drainage is not chargeable} \end{cases}$

3.9.5. As per the Wholesale Charges Scheme define the Annual price for Roads Drainage per pound Rateable value (RDP).

3.9.6. The Unadjusted Roads Drainage Charge $URDC_d$ is

$$URDC_d = RDP \times RD_d \times RV_d \times (1 - VAC_d)/DIY$$

3.9.7. The Unadjusted Discounted Roads Drainage Charge $UDRDC_d$ is given by

$$UDRDC_d = URDC_d \times (1 - SS3_d - S29e_d)$$

3.9.8. The Roads Drainage Charge ${}^{17} RDC_d$ is then given by

$$RDC_d = \begin{cases} UDRDC_d & \text{if not } SGES_d \text{ or } SER_d = 0\\ -SGESSR_Y/(DIY \times SER_d) & \text{if } SGES_d \text{ and } SER_d > 0 \end{cases}$$

where as above $SGESSR_Y$ is the SGES Sewerage refund applicable for the Financial Year Y, and SER_d is the number of Service Element Reports for the SPID.

Document Reference: CSD0207 Version 2 Draft 3

 $^{^{17}}$ Compare the footnote at section 2.4.10

3.9.9. The CMA will allocate the Roads Drainage Charges to the Licensed Provider for which the SPID was registered in respect of each Settlement Day. It will then aggregate the volumes and charges, and report them in accordance with CSD0201.

3.10. Miscellaneous Charges

3.10.1. This section applies to the following Miscellaneous Charges:

• Sewerage Services to Caravans

3.10.2. Note that charges for Sewerage Services to Caravans have been removed from the 2010-2011 Wholesale Charges Scheme. The method for dealing with such charges remains within the Central Systems, but the relevant charges will be set to zero for Years where the charges have been so removed.

3.10.3. The discounts for the SPID for each day d in the SPID Chargeable Period are Sewerage Schedule 3 $(SS3_d)$, Schedule 29e $(S29e_d)$ and whether the SPID is eligible for Scottish Government Exemption Scheme $(SGES_d)$.

3.10.4. The SPID Settlement Chargeable Period has already been defined as the period time given by the days D_l^S , D_u^S . As above the relevant Chargeable Period for Sewerage Services to Caravans.

3.10.5. each Settlement Day d in the relevant Chargeable period define the number of Caravans with Severage Services to Caravans SSC_d

3.10.6. As per the Wholesale Charges Scheme define Annual Price Sewerage Services to Caravans (SSCP)

3.10.7. the Unadjusted Sewerage Services to Caravans Charge USSCC_d as

$$USSCC_d = SSCP \times SSC_d \times (1 - VAC_d) / DIY$$

3.10.8. The Unadjusted Discounted Sewerage Services to Caravans Charge $UDSSCC_d$ is given by

$$UDSSCC_d = UWSCC_d \times (1 - SS3_d - S29e_d)$$

Document Reference: CSD0207 Version 2 Draft 3 **3.10.9.** The Sewerage Services to Caravans Charge $SSCC_d$ is given by

$$SSCC_{d} = \begin{cases} UDSSCC_{d} & \text{if not } SGES_{d} \text{ or } SER_{d} = 0\\ -SGESSR_{Y}/(DIY \times SER_{d}) & \text{if } SGES_{d} \text{ and } SER_{d} > 0 \end{cases}$$

where as above $SGESSR_Y$ -is the SGES Sewerage refund applicable for the Financial Year Y, and SER_d is the number of Service Element Reports for the SPID.

3.10.10. The CMA will allocate the Miscellaneous Charges to the Licensed Provider for which the SPID was registered in respect of each Settlement Day. It will then aggregate the volumes and charges, and report them in accordance with CSD0201.

3.11. Trade Effluent Charges

3.11.1. For each Trade Effluent DPID T establish the DPID "Active Period" $D_{Tl}^A <= d < D_{Tu}^A$. If the DPID has not been discontinued then set $D_{Tu}^A = D_u^{RF}$

3.11.2. For each Trade Effluent DPID T establish the DPID Chargeable Period $D_{Tl}^C <= d < D_{Tu}^C$ which is the (possibly empty) sub-period for which the Active Period intersects the SPID Settlement Chargeable Period, and is given by D_{Tl}^C , D_{Tu}^C where

 $\begin{array}{lll} D^C_{Tl} &=& \max(D^A_{Tl},D^S_l)\\ D^C_{Tu} &=& \min(D^A_{Tu},D^S_u) \end{array}$

3.11.3. If $D_{Tl}^C >= D_{Tu}^C$ then the DPID does not have a Chargeable Period for that RF Settlement Period.

3.11.4. For Settlement Runs relating to periods before 1st April 2013, the CMA shall use the following procedure for calculating the Daily Actual Volume Discharged $(DAVD_d)$

3.11.5. For each DPID which has a Chargeable Period in the Settlement Year, and for each Settlement Day *d* in the DPID Chargeable Period, establish whether the day is

- within a Discharge Period,
- a day after the last Discharge Period for the DPID (ie is on or after the last Settlement Day for which an Actual Volume Discharge has been notified), or
- is a day for which the DPID has no Discharge Period (ie no Actual Daily Volumes have been notified for the DPID).

3.11.6. For each Settlement Day d within a Discharge Period $D_1 \le d < D_2$, the CMA will calculate the Daily Actual Volume Discharged (DAVD) in relation to each Discharge Point by using the following formula:

$$DAVD_d = AVD_{D2}/(D2 - D1)$$

where

 D_1 is the first date of the Discharge Period;

 D_2 is the day after the last date of the Discharge Period Period.

 AVD_{D2} is the Actual Volume Discharged of Trade Effluent Services notified with effective date D_2 in relation to a Discharge Point for the period since the previous submission, or commencement of that Discharge Point (for the first notification of Actual Volume Discharged for Trade Effluent)

3.11.7. For each Settlement Day *d* in a Post Discharge Period for a DPID, the CMA will calculate the Daily Actual Volume Discharged in relation to each Discharge Point by using the following formula:

 $DAVD_d = DAVD_{d'}$ for the last day d' within a Discharge Period

3.11.8. For any Settlement Day for a DPID which does not have a Discharge Period, the CMA will compute the Daily Actual Volume Discharged using the following formula

$$DAVD = \frac{TEYVE}{DIY}$$

where TEYVE is the Trade Effluent Estimated Yearly Volume as notified for the DPID.

3.11.9. For Settlement Runs relating to periods after 1st April 2013^{*a*}, the CMA shall use the following procedure for calculating the Daily Actual Volume Discharged $(DAVD_d)$

3.11.10. For each T17 Meter Chain K define the variable TEM_K as

 $TEM_{K} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if the T17 Meter Chain is either PrivateEffluent or TankeredEffluent} \\ 0 & \text{if the T17 Meter Chain } K \text{ is either SWWater or PrivateWater} \end{cases}$

noting that a T17 Meter Chain K has a constant meter treatment over its entire history.

3.11.11. Then define the term NDA Included in Sewerage Calculations $NDAINC_{Td}$ as

$$NDAINC_{Td} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \sum_{K} MDVOL_{KTd} \times (1 - TEM_{K}) > 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } \sum_{K} MDVOL_{KTd} \times (1 - TEM_{K}) = 0 \end{cases}$$

3.11.12. Then the Daily Actual Volume Discharged $DAVD_{Td}$ is

$$DAVD_{Td} = \sum_{K} DDV_{Kd} \times (1 - PA_{Td}) \times MDVOL_{KTd}$$
$$-\frac{(NDA_{Td} \times NDAINC_{Td} + FA_{Td})}{DIY} \times (1 - VAC_d) \times (1 - TDISC_d)$$

where PA_{Td} is the Percentage Allowance ^b, and FA_{Td} is the Fixed Allowance

3.11.13. In accordance with the Wholesale Scheme of Charges define the variables Preliminary Treatment Indicator (PTI), Biological Treatment Indicator (BTI) and Sewage Sludge Indicator (SSI) as per the following table.

Treatment Types				
	PTI	SSI	BTI	
Sub-primary	0	0	0	
Primary	1	$\frac{2}{3}$	0	
Secondary	1	1	1	

For Settlement Runs covering periods before 1st April 2013, the values of *PTI*, *BTI* and *SSI* will all be set to a value of 1 (i.e. as if the Treatment Type were Secondary) irrespective of how the Treatment Type is set. Thus, for the avoidance of doubt, a DPID with a Treatment Type set to (say) Primary will be charged as "Secondary" for Settlement Runs covering periods before 1st April 2013, but will be charged as Primary for Settlement Runs covering periods after 1st April 2013.

3.11.14. Then the Unadjusted Daily Availability Charge $UACc_d$ can be calculated as c

$$UACc_{d} = [(CDV_{d} \times (Ra + PTI \times Va)) + (BTI \times Ba \times sBODl_{d}) + (SSI \times Sa \times TSSl_{d})] \times SF \times (1 - VAC_{d})$$

and the Unadjusted Daily Operating Charge $(UOPc_d)$ can be calculated as

$$UOPc_{d} = DAVD_{d} \times (Ro + PTI \times Vo + (BTI \times Bo \times (Ot_{d}/Os)) + (SSI \times So \times (St_{d}/Ss)))$$

where the following parameters are derived from the Trade Effluent DPID

$CDV_d =$	= Chargeable Daily Volume of the Trade Effluent in m^3	
sBODl	d = Settled Biochemical Oxygen Demand load of the Trade Effluent	
$TSSl_d$	= Total Suspended Solids load of the Trade Effluent	
SF =	Seasonal Factor, which is set to a value of 1.2 where a Discharge Point	
	is subject to seasonal discharge in accordance with the provisions set	
	out in the Wholesale Charges Scheme. In all other cases the CMA sets	
	the Seasonal Factor to a value of 1;	
$Ot_d =$	the fixed strength (settled Chemical Oxygen Demand) of the Trade Effluent	
$St_d =$	the fixed strength (settleable solids) of the Trade Effluent	
and the t	following terms are derived from the Wholesale Scheme of Charges:	
Ra =	Reception charging component in pence/ m^3 per Day	
Va =	$a = $ Volumetric/Primary charging component in pence/ m^3 per Day	
Ba =	Biological Capacity charging component in pence/kg per Day	

- Sa = Sludge Capacity charging component in pence/kg per Day
- Ro = Reception charging component in pence/ m^3
- Vo = Volumetric/Primary charging component in pence/ m^3

Bo = Secondary Treatment charging component in pence/ m^3

So = Sludge Treatment charging component in pence/ m^3

3.11.15. The Unadjusted Discounted Daily Availability Charge $UDACc_d$ and the Unadjusted Discounted Daily Operating Charge $(UDOPc_d)$ are given by

$$UDACc_d = UACc_d \times (1 - TES3_d)$$
$$UDOPc_d = UOPc_d \times (1 - TES3_d)$$

where $TES3_d$ is any applicable Trade Effluent Schedule 3 discount.

3.11.16. The Daily Availability Charge ACc_d and the Daily Operating Charge (OPc_d) are given by d

$$ACc_{d} = \begin{cases} UDACc_{d} & \text{if not } SGES_{d} \text{ or } SER_{d} = 0 \\ -SGESSR_{Y}/(DIY \times SER_{d}) & \text{if } SGES_{d} \text{ and } SER_{d} > 0 \end{cases}$$
$$OPc_{d} = \begin{cases} UDOPc_{d} & \text{if not } SGES_{d} \text{ or } SER_{d} = 0 \\ -SGESSR_{Y}/(DIY \times SER_{d}) & \text{if } SGES_{d} \text{ and } SER_{d} > 0 \end{cases}$$

3.11.17. The CMA will then calculate the Wholesale Charge payable for the Settlement Day $DTEC_d$ in respect of a Discharge Point using the following formula:

$$DTEC_d = ACc_d + OPc_d$$

3.11.18. For the avoidance of doubt, any monthly Trade Effluent charge computed in accordance with CSD0205 is the sum of the relevant terms $DTEC_d$

3.11.19. In respect of RF annual charges, a minimum charge (as set out in the Wholesale Charges Scheme) is payable in respect of a Discharge Point. At the end of each Year, as part of the RF Settlement Run, the CMA will calculate whether the Wholesale Charges payable in respect of a Discharge Point are less than the minimum charge.

3.11.20. Where either

- a Sewerage Service Supply Point (with a related Discharge Point) has been vacant for part of the Year;
- a Sewerage Services Supply Point (with related Discharge Point(s)) has been registered for a period less than a Year;

- a Sewerage Services Supply Point (with related Discharge Point(s)) qualifies for exemption under the Scottish Government Exemption Scheme; or
- a Discharge Point was commenced in the Central Systems during the Year,

the CMA will calculate the proportionate minimum charge prior to its use in comparing it to the Wholesale Charges payable in respect of the Discharge Point for that Year, using the following formula:

$$MC_A = MC \times DIY_{DP}/DIY$$

where:

MC_A	is the minimum charge payable for the Discharge Point over the Year;
MC	is the minimum charge as set out in the Wholesale Charges Scheme
	for the relevant Year;
DIY_{DP}	is the number of days in the relevant Year within the DPID Chargeable
	Period that the SPID was neither vacant nor exempt under the
	Scottish Government Exemption Scheme; and
DIV	is the number of days in the relevant Veer

DIY is the number of days in the relevant Year.

3.11.21. The CMA will then aggregate the Year Trade Effluent Charges $YTEC_{DP}$ for each Discharge point by summing the values $DTEC_d$ for Days which do NOT have a SGES refund charge.

3.11.22. The CMA will then compare the Year Trade Effluent Charge against the Discharge Point's minimum charge and where the Year Trade Effluent Charge is less than the Discharge Point's minimum charge $(YTEC_{DP} < MC_A)$, then the CMA then will calculate any minimum charge payable by each Licensed Provider (in respect of Settlement Days for which there is not a SGES refund) as follows:

$$MC_{LP} = MC_A \times NRD_{LP}/DIY_{DP}$$

Where:

- MC_{LP} is the minimum charge payable by the Licensed Provider in respect of the Discharge Point over the relevant Year (excluding SGES);
- MC_A is the minimum charge payable in respect of the Discharge Point for the relevant Year;
- NRD_{LP} is the number of days in the relevant Year that the relevant Supply Point was Registered to the Licensed Provider and the Discharge Point is neither exempt under the Scottish Government Exemption Scheme nor vacant; and
- DIY_{DP} is the number of days in the relevant Year from the date that the Discharge Point was commenced in the Central Systems.

3.11.23. For each Licensed Provider, the CMA will then report the minimum charge MC_{LP} (as adjusted by the SGES refund for Settlement Days for which a refund is available.)

 $[^]a\mathrm{See}$ Appendix A re transition of the calculation methods

 $^{^{}b}$ Expressed as a percentage in Central Systems, but used here as a fraction

 $[^]c{\rm for}$ the avoidance of doubt, this equation will apply unchanged before and after 1st April 2013

^dCompare the footnote at section 2.4.10

A. Appendix

A.1. Matters arising from the Wholesale Charges Scheme

A.1.1. The following assumptions have been made in the implementing the various Wholesale Scheme of Charges. This Appendix is provided to clarify and formalise the adoption of the various assumptions.

A.1.2. *20mm Phasing Premium* This charge is applied for all years for SPIDs which have meters which are charged as 20mm meters (or smaller), but excluding meters with a chargeable size of 0mm.

A.1.3. *Omm Meters* Standard volume charges are applied to volumes associated with meters which have been set a chargeable size of 0mm. However, there is no Free Allocation or Capacity Volume associated with such meters, nor are any meter based charges applied.

A.1.4. *TDISC* Following clarification from the Commission, all non-volumetric charges are applied during periods of Temporary Disconnection, including meter based charges, roads drainage, property drainage and charges for miscellaneous services.

A.1.5. *MCCP095* The changes implemented in MCCP095 do not represent a change to the Wholesale Scheme of Charges, but rather represent a more sophisticated implementation within the Central Systems of the Wholesale Scheme of Charges, and in particular in respect of

- Trade Effluent;
- associated Sewerage Charges; and
- the handling of private water supplies and Sewerage Charges.

A.1.6. *TE Charging* - *before MCCP095* Users calculated Trade Effluent Volumes off the Central Systems, taking account of all relevant meters and allowances, and submitted the processed volumes to the Central Systems. To ensure that charges were suspended (apart from the minimum TE charge) during vacancy Licensed Providers and Scottish Water needed to ensure that either

- Trade Effluent DPID is disconnected; or
- $\bullet\,$ a 100% DPID Schedule 3 discount was submitted for the DPID

in accordance with the Appendix to CSD0206. This Appendix provided detailed requirements on how TE Volumes should be submitted to ensure that they are allocated to

the correct periods of time. Non Domestic Allowance was implemented in the Central Systems, but on the basis of applying to an entire Sewerage SPID.

A.1.7. *TE Charging - after MCCP095* Scottish Water provides associations between Trade Effluent DPIDs and water meters, together with the necessary allowances to facilitate the Central Systems carrying out the Trade Effluent volume calculations. Specific provisions were made in this system for the use of Trade Effluent meters and tankered effluent. Volume processing and charging during vacancy were automatically handled on the system.

A.1.8. *Private Water Meters - after MCCP095* Following the introduction of MCCP095, the Central Systems specifically catered for Private Water Meters; and in particular ensure that while water charges were not applied, that sewerage charges and any applicable Trade Effluent charges would be applied.

A.1.9. *Cut-over of charging methods* While the pre-MCCP095 calculation applies to charging periods before 1st April 2013, the post-MCCP095 broadly applies to charging periods after 1st April 2013; there are likely to be two small exceptions to this principle.

- 2013 April P1 Settlement Run run early in March 2013, before the release of the software and the start of the new Financial Year. TE data will still reflect the pre-MCCP095 charging method. This Settlement Run will be carried out on the pre-MCCP095 basis.
- 2013 May P1 Settlement Run run early in April 2013, before the release of the software and the start of the new Financial Year. This is too shorly after the beginning of the Financial Year to update all the TE data to the new charging basis. This Settlement Run will be carried out on the pre-MCCP095 basis.
- All Subsequent Runs for periods after April 1st 2013, including for the avoidance of doubt the 2013 April R1 and the 2013 May R1, reconciliation will be carried out on the new basis post MCCP095 basis.

A.1.10. *SGES* For SPIDs which are flagged as exempt under the Scottish Government Exemption Scheme, a payment is made from Scottish Water to the Licensed Provider and all other charges from the Licensed Provider to Scottish Water are waived.

A.1.11. *RTS* For meters with a return to sewer allowance of 0%, all associated Foul Sewerage Meter based annual charges are zero in accordance with the Wholesale Scheme of Charges.

A.1.12. *Re-assessed Charges* The Central Systems have the functionality in respect of the Re-assessed Charges which were introduced in 2009-10. There is no functionality which prevents data being submitted for a SPID which charge a SPID in 2008-09 with this method. It is a requirement on Market Participants not to submit data that would utilise this method in 2008-09.

A.1.13. Water and Sewerage Services to Caravans Charges for Water and Sewerage Services for Caravans were removed in the WCS for 2010-11. However, since during the two Financial Years 2008-09, and 2009-10 when such charges were applicable, that no such charges were ever levied; following the introduction of MCCP095 the corresponding charging methods were removed from the Central Systems.

A.1.14. *Property Drainage* The Central Systems have a charging method in respect of Property Drainage Charges whereby a few properties which have the Area Property are charged on an area basis. There are no methods for updating the relevant areas for these properties. However, the charges while being correctly calculated are labelled by the system as being "Property Drainage RV" as opposed to Area Based Property Drainage charges.

A.1.15. *Metered Volumes* The CSDs have built in specific methods for establishing metered volumes for Measured Supply Points. In particular it has built in rules in respect of Industry Level Estimates and YVE allowances. The CSDs also describe how meter volumes are interpolated, extrapolated and adjusted for vacancy.

A.1.16. *Multiple Discounts* Where both a Schedule 29e discount and a Schedule 3 discount are submitted in respect of a SPID, these discounts are added. No check is carried out that the discounts add to less than 100%. At present, there is no facility in the Central Systems to apply a Schedule 29e discount to Trade Effluent Charges.

A.1.17. *Proportionality* The Wholesale Charges Scheme defines charges for a volume V which is allocated across different charge bands (based upon a whole year's usage). The relevant charges bands are proportioned taking account of (i) the length of time a Supply Point (i) is as a Measured Supply Point and (ii) has the LUVA adjustments applied. Similarly, the the Phasing Premium is proportioned taking account of the length of time the SPIDs has meter(s) to which the Phasing Premium applies.

A.1.18. *AWA* The whole year AWA calculation is applied to Measured Supply Points and to Supply Points on Reassessed Charges. It is not applied for Unmeasured Supply Points where charges are based upon RV.

A.1.19. Application of LUVA Adjusment and Phasing Premium The LUVA Adjustment and the Phasing Premium in the AWA calculations for the year. Other discounts including Schedule 3, Schedule 29e and SGES are applied per Settlement day.

A.1.20. *LUVA Adjusment* According to the Scheme of Charges the LUVA Adjustment applies Large User Volume Agreements (LUVA) as in 2006/07. The Central Systems applies the adjustment to SPIDs in accordance with the way the LUVA flag is set for the period or sub-period of the Settlement Run.

A.1.21. *Negative Volumes* If a series of meter reads is not all monotonically increasing (taking account where applicable of the rollover algorithm) it is possible for the Central Systems to compute negative volumes for a SPID. If the total volume of water or sewerage supplied over the course of a year is negative, then the relevant AWA and the volumetric charges will be zero. However, where the total volume supplied to a SPID to be positive, but negative volumes occur either in respect of a single meter for the full year, or for the SPID for part of the year then the charges in respect of that single meter or that part of the year will be negative.

A.1.22. *TE Minimum Charges* Minimum Charges for Trade Effluent are applied per DPID rather than per SPID. They are pro-rated for the length of time a DPID is active over the course of the year. In respect of a single SPID with multiple DPIDs, a greater than minimum charge on one DPID does not offset charges on another DPID which does not reach the minimum.

A.1.23. *TE Minimum Charges* Where there are multiple LPs which share a DPID which needs to have minimum charges applied then the allocation of minimum charges is pro-rata on a daily basis, irrespective of volumetric charges occurred by each LP. See CSD0206 for details.

A.1.24. *Percentages and Fractions* A number of variables in this CSD which represent fractions are expressed as percentages within the Wholesale Scheme of Charges. The equations in this CSD use them as fractions rather than as percentage. Thus the CSD has equations with terms such as (1-f) rather than terms with explicit percentages such as $(1-\frac{f}{100})$.

A.2. Variables



Actual Daily Valuma	ADV
Actual Daily Volume	$\frac{ADV_{Kd}}{ASYV}$
Actual Sewerage Yearly Volme	
Actual Volume Discharged on day D_2	AVD_{D2}
Actual Yearly Volume	AYV
Allocated Tranche	VFA
Annual Price Croft Outside Tap	COTP
Annual Price Croft Troughs and Drinking Bowls	CTDBP
Annual Price Farm Outside Tap	FOTP
Annual Price Farm Troughs and Drinking Bowls	FTDBP
Annual Price Property Drainage	PDP
Annual Price Roads Drainage	RDP
Annual Volumes(per charge band)	VA1, VA2, VA3
Annual Weighted Average	AWA
Availability Charge	ACc_d
Biological Capacity charging component in	Ba
pence/kg per Day	
Biolgical Treatement Indicator	BTI
Capacity Volume Charge	CVCHARGE
Capacity Volume Price	CVP
Capacity Volume Threshold	CVT_i
Chargeable Daily Volume of the Trade Effluent	CDV_d
$\sin m^3$	
Connected	$CONN_d$
Croft	$CROFT_d$
Daily Actual Volume Discharged	$DAVD_d, DAVD_{Td}$
	AC_{α}
Daily Availability Charge	ACc_d
Daily Availability Charge Daily Metered Cost	
	$\begin{array}{c} AC c_d \\ \hline DMC_{Kd}, DMC_d \\ OP c_d \end{array}$
Daily Metered Cost	DMC_{Kd}, DMC_d
Daily Metered Cost Daily Operating Charge	DMC_{Kd}, DMC_d OPc_d $DTEC_d$
Daily Metered CostDaily Operating ChargeDaily Trade Effluent ChargeDaily Volume	$\begin{array}{c} DMC_{Kd}, DMC_{d} \\ OPc_{d} \\ DTEC_{d} \\ DV_{Kd}, DV_{Ld} \end{array}$
Daily Metered Cost Daily Operating Charge Daily Trade Effluent Charge Daily Volume Days	$\begin{array}{c} DMC_{Kd}, DMC_{d} \\ OPc_{d} \\ DTEC_{d} \\ DV_{Kd}, DV_{Ld} \\ D_{1}, D_{2} \end{array}$
Daily Metered CostDaily Operating ChargeDaily Trade Effluent ChargeDaily VolumeDaysDays in Year	$\begin{array}{c} DMC_{Kd}, DMC_d \\ OPc_d \\ DTEC_d \\ DV_{Kd}, DV_{Ld} \\ D_1, D_2 \\ DIY \end{array}$
Daily Metered CostDaily Operating ChargeDaily Trade Effluent ChargeDaily VolumeDaysDays in YearDays in Year within DPID Chargeable Period	$\begin{array}{c} DMC_{Kd}, DMC_{d} \\ OPc_{d} \\ DTEC_{d} \\ DV_{Kd}, DV_{Ld} \\ D_{1}, D_{2} \end{array}$
Daily Metered CostDaily Operating ChargeDaily Trade Effluent ChargeDaily VolumeDaysDays in Year	$\begin{array}{c} DMC_{Kd}, DMC_d \\ OPc_d \\ DTEC_d \\ DV_{Kd}, DV_{Ld} \\ D_1, D_2 \\ DIY \end{array}$
Daily Metered CostDaily Operating ChargeDaily Trade Effluent ChargeDaily VolumeDaysDays in YearDays in Year within DPID Chargeable PeriodDPID neither vacant nor in SGESDPID	$\begin{array}{c} DMC_{Kd}, DMC_{d} \\ OPc_{d} \\ DTEC_{d} \\ DV_{Kd}, DV_{Ld} \\ D_{1}, D_{2} \\ DIY \\ DIY_{D}P \\ T \end{array}$
Daily Metered CostDaily Operating ChargeDaily Trade Effluent ChargeDaily VolumeDaysDays in YearDays in Year within DPID Chargeable PeriodDPID neither vacant nor in SGESDPIDDerived Daily Volume	$\begin{array}{c c} DMC_{Kd}, DMC_d \\ \hline OPc_d \\ DTEC_d \\ DV_{Kd}, DV_{Ld} \\ \hline D_1, D_2 \\ DIY \\ DIY_DP \\ \hline T \\ DDV_{Kd} \\ \end{array}$
Daily Metered CostDaily Operating ChargeDaily Trade Effluent ChargeDaily VolumeDaysDays in YearDays in Year within DPID Chargeable PeriodDPID neither vacant nor in SGESDPIDDerived Daily VolumeDPID Active Period	$\begin{array}{c} DMC_{Kd}, DMC_{d} \\ OPc_{d} \\ DTEC_{d} \\ DV_{Kd}, DV_{Ld} \\ D_{1}, D_{2} \\ DIY \\ DIY \\ DIY_{D}P \\ T \\ DDV_{Kd} \\ (D_{Tl}^{A}, D_{Tu}^{A}) \end{array}$
Daily Metered CostDaily Operating ChargeDaily Trade Effluent ChargeDaily VolumeDaysDays in YearDays in Year within DPID Chargeable PeriodDPID neither vacant nor in SGESDPIDDerived Daily VolumeDPID Active PeriodDPID Chargeable Period	$\begin{array}{c c} DMC_{Kd}, DMC_d \\ \hline OPc_d \\ DTEC_d \\ DV_{Kd}, DV_{Ld} \\ \hline D_1, D_2 \\ DIY \\ DIY_D P \\ \hline T \\ DDV_{Kd} \\ \hline (D_{Tl}^A, D_{Tu}^A) \\ (D_{Tl}^C, D_{Tu}^C) \\ \end{array}$
Daily Metered CostDaily Operating ChargeDaily Trade Effluent ChargeDaily VolumeDaysDays in YearDays in Year within DPID Chargeable PeriodDPID neither vacant nor in SGESDPIDDerived Daily VolumeDPID Active PeriodDPID Chargeable PeriodDPID Chargeable PeriodDPID Chargeable PeriodDPID Minimum Charge (and LP's share	$\begin{array}{c} DMC_{Kd}, DMC_d \\ OPc_d \\ DTEC_d \\ DV_{Kd}, DV_{Ld} \\ D_1, D_2 \\ DIY \\ DIY_D P \\ T \\ DDV_{Kd} \\ (D_{Tl}^A, D_{Tu}^A) \\ (D_{Tl}^C, D_{Tu}^C) \\ MC_A, MC_{LP} \end{array}$
Daily Metered CostDaily Operating ChargeDaily Trade Effluent ChargeDaily VolumeDaysDays in YearDays in Year within DPID Chargeable PeriodDPID neither vacant nor in SGESDPIDDerived Daily VolumeDPID Active PeriodDPID Chargeable PeriodDPID Chargeable PeriodDPID Chargeable PeriodDPID Active PeriodDPID Minimum Charge (and LP's shareEquivalent AWA	$\begin{array}{c} DMC_{Kd}, DMC_d\\ OPc_d\\ DTEC_d\\ DV_{Kd}, DV_{Ld}\\ D_1, D_2\\ DIY\\ DIY_DP\\ T\\ T\\ DDV_{Kd}\\ (D^A_{Tl}, D^A_{Tu})\\ (D^C_{Tl}, D^C_{Tu})\\ MC_A, MC_{LP}\\ AWA_d \end{array}$
Daily Metered CostDaily Operating ChargeDaily Trade Effluent ChargeDaily VolumeDaysDays in YearDays in Year within DPID Chargeable PeriodDPID neither vacant nor in SGESDPIDDerived Daily VolumeDPID Active PeriodDPID Chargeable PeriodDPID Minimum Charge (and LP's shareEquivalent AWAEquivalent Actual Sewerage Yearly Volume	$\begin{array}{c} DMC_{Kd}, DMC_d \\ OPc_d \\ DTEC_d \\ DV_{Kd}, DV_{Ld} \\ D_1, D_2 \\ DIY \\ DIY \\ DIY_D P \\ \\ T \\ DDV_{Kd} \\ (D_{Tl}^A, D_{Tu}^A) \\ (D_{Tl}^C, D_{Tu}^C) \\ MC_A, MC_{LP} \\ AWA_d \\ ASYV_d \end{array}$
Daily Metered CostDaily Operating ChargeDaily Trade Effluent ChargeDaily VolumeDaysDays in YearDays in Year within DPID Chargeable PeriodDPID neither vacant nor in SGESDPIDDerived Daily VolumeDPID Active PeriodDPID Chargeable PeriodDPID Chargeable PeriodDPID Chargeable PeriodDPID Active PeriodDPID Minimum Charge (and LP's shareEquivalent AWA	$\begin{array}{c} DMC_{Kd}, DMC_d\\ OPc_d\\ DTEC_d\\ DV_{Kd}, DV_{Ld}\\ D_1, D_2\\ DIY\\ DIY_DP\\ T\\ T\\ DDV_{Kd}\\ (D^A_{Tl}, D^A_{Tu})\\ (D^C_{Tl}, D^C_{Tu})\\ MC_A, MC_{LP}\\ AWA_d \end{array}$

A.2.1. This section provides details of all the variables used in this CSD0207.

Farm	FARM _d
Fixed Allowance	FA_{Td}
Fixed strength (settled Chemical Oxygen De-	Ot
mand) of the Trade Effluent	
Fixed strength (settleable solids) of the Trade	St
Effluent	51
Industry Level Estimates	ILE
Lower Meter Size	LMS, LMS_i
LUVA Adjustment	LACHARGE
LUVA Annual Volume	LAV
LUVA Annual Volume(per charge band)	LVA1, LVA2 and
Le VII Innual Volume(per charge band)	LVA1, LVA2 and $LVA3$
LUVA Charge Bands	LV1, LV2 and LV3
LUVA Chargeable	LC_d
LUVA Phasing	LPP1, LPP2 and
	LPP3
LUVA Proportion	LUVAP
LUVA Volume Limits	VLL, V1 and V2
Meter Active	MA_{Kd}
Meter Advance Chargeable Days	MACD
Meter Advance Period	MAP
Meter Advance Volume	MAV
Meter DPID Association	$MDASSOC_{KTd}$
Meter DPID Volume	$\frac{MDASSOC_{KTd}}{MDVOL_{KTd}}$
Meter Capacity Volume Threshold	$\frac{MDVOL_{KTd}}{MCVT_{Kd}}$
Meter Free Allocation	$\frac{MCVI_{Kd}}{MFA, MFA_{Kd}}$
Meter Readings	R_1,R_2
Meter Sewerage Capacity Volume Threshold	$\frac{M_1, R_2}{MSCVT_{Kd}}$
Meter Sewerage Free Allocation	$\frac{MSCVI_{Kd}}{MSFA, MSFA_{Kd}}$
Meter Transition Adjustment	$\frac{MSTA,MSTA_{Kd}}{MT,MT_{Y}}$
Meter Size	MI, MIY MS_i
	NDAINC
NDA Included	NDASPLIT
NDA Split Non Domestic Allowance	
	NDA _{Td}
Number of Days DPID registered to an LP and	NRD_{LP}
neither vacant nor SGES	
Number of table items	n_T
Outside Taps	OT_d
Outside Taps Charge	OTC_d
Percentage Allowance	PA_{Td}
Phasing Premium for the Year	PP_Y
Phasing Premium Charge	PPCHARGE
Preliminary Treatment Indicator	PTI
Premium Chargeable	PC_{Kd}

Premium Phasing	PP
Premium Volume	PVA
Private	PVT_K
Property Drainage	PD_d
Property Drainage Charge	PDC_d
	PDC_d PCVT
Proportional Capacity Volume Threshold	PCVI PFA
Proportional Free Allocation	
Proportional LUVA Volume limits	$\begin{array}{ll} PLVLL, & PLV1, \\ PLV2 \end{array}$
Proportional Phasing Premium Free Allocation	PPPFA
Proportional Premium Volume Limit	PPVL
Proportional Volume Limits	PV1, PV2
Return to Sewerage	RTS_{Kd}
RF Settlement Period	D_l^{RF}, D_u^{RF}
Roads Drainage	RD_d
Roads Drainage Charge	RDC_d
Rateable Value	RV_d
Reception charging component in pence/ m^3	Ro
Reception charging component in pence/ m^3 per	Ra
Day	100
RF Settlement Period	$D_{i}^{RF} D_{i}^{RF}$
RV Unmeasurable Period	$ \begin{array}{c} D_l^{RF}, D_u^{RF} \\ D_l^{RV}, D_u^{RV} \end{array} $
RV Unmeasurable Chargeable Period D_l^C , D_u^C	D_l , D_u
Schedule 29e Discount	$S29e_d$
Seasonal Factor	SF
Settlement Day	d
Secondary Treatment charging component in	Bo
pence/ m^3	
Service Element Reports	SER_d
Sewage Sludge Indicator	SSI
Sewerage Allocated Tranche	SFA
Sewerage Capacity Volume Charge	SCVCHARGE
Sewerage Capacity Volume Price	SCVP
Sewerage Capacity Volume Thresholds	$SCVT_i$
Sewerage Chargeable Meter Size	$SCMS_{Kd}$
Sewerage Chargeable Meter Size Sewerage Derived Daily Volume	$\frac{SCMS_{Kd}}{SDDV_{Kd}}$
Sewerage Chargeable Meter SizeSewerage Derived Daily VolumeSewerage Meter Chargeable	$\frac{SCMS_{Kd}}{SDDV_{Kd}}$ $\frac{SMC_{Kd}}{SMC_{Kd}}$
Sewerage Chargeable Meter SizeSewerage Derived Daily VolumeSewerage Meter ChargeableSewerage Meter Annual Non-Volumetric Charge	$SCMS_{Kd}$ $SDDV_{Kd}$ SMC_{Kd} $SMANVC_{i}$
Sewerage Chargeable Meter SizeSewerage Derived Daily VolumeSewerage Meter ChargeableSewerage Meter Annual Non-Volumetric ChargeSewerage Meter Based Charge	$SCMS_{Kd}$ $SDDV_{Kd}$ SMC_{Kd} $SMANVC_i$ $SMBC_{Kd}$
Sewerage Chargeable Meter SizeSewerage Derived Daily VolumeSewerage Meter ChargeableSewerage Meter Annual Non-Volumetric Charge	$SCMS_{Kd}$ $SDDV_{Kd}$ SMC_{Kd} $SMANVC_{i}$
Sewerage Chargeable Meter SizeSewerage Derived Daily VolumeSewerage Meter ChargeableSewerage Meter Annual Non-Volumetric ChargeSewerage Meter Based ChargeSewerage Proportional Capacity VolumeThreshold	$SCMS_{Kd}$ $SDDV_{Kd}$ SMC_{Kd} $SMANVC_i$ $SMBC_{Kd}$
Sewerage Chargeable Meter SizeSewerage Derived Daily VolumeSewerage Meter ChargeableSewerage Meter Annual Non-Volumetric ChargeSewerage Meter Based ChargeSewerage Proportional Capacity VolumeThresholdSewerage Proportional Free Allocation	$SCMS_{Kd}$ $SDDV_{Kd}$ SMC_{Kd} $SMANVC_i$ $SMBC_{Kd}$ $SPCVT$ $SPFA$
Sewerage Chargeable Meter SizeSewerage Derived Daily VolumeSewerage Meter ChargeableSewerage Meter Annual Non-Volumetric ChargeSewerage Meter Based ChargeSewerage Proportional Capacity VolumeThreshold	$\frac{SCMS_{Kd}}{SDDV_{Kd}}$ $\frac{SMC_{Kd}}{SMANVC_i}$ $\frac{SMBC_{Kd}}{SPCVT}$

Sewerage Standard Volume Price	BS1
Sludge Treatment charging component in	So
pence/ m^3	50
Sludge Capacity charging component in	Sa
pence/kg per Day	
SPID Chargeable Period	D_l^A, D_u^A
SPID Settlement Chargeable Period	D_l^S, D_u^S
SPID SWWater Meter Active	SSWMA _d
SPID Water Meter Chargeable	SWMC _d
Sewerage Schedule 3 Discount	$SS3_d$
SGES Refund Applicable	$SGES_d$
SGES Water Refund	SGESWR
SGES Sewerage Refund	SGESSR
Standard strength of Settled Chemical Oxygen	Os
Demand of the foul sewage	
Standard strength of Settleable solidsă in the	Ss
foul sewage	
Standard Volume Charge	SVCHARGE
Trade Effluent Meter	TEM_K
Trade Effluent Schedule 3	$TES3_d$
Trade Effluent Yearly Estimate Volume	TEYVE
T17 Meter Chain	K
T17 Meter Chain "Active Period"	D_{Kl}^A, D_{Ku}^A
T17 Meter Chain Chargeable Period	$\frac{Kl^{\prime} Ku}{D_{Kl}^{C}, D_{Ku}^{C}}$
Tabular Meter Size	TMS_{Kd}
Temporarily Disconnected	$TDISC_d$
Total LUVA Days	TLD
Total Premium Days	TPD
Total Sewerage Meter Chargeable	$TSMC_d$
Total SWWater Meter Active Days	TSWMAD
Transition Adjusted Daily Metered Cost	$TADMC_{Kd}$
Transition Adjusted Sewerage Meter Based	$TASMBC_{Kd}$
Charge	
Transition Adjusted Water Meter Based Charge	$TAWMBC_{Kd}$
Troughs and Drinking Bowls	TDB_d
Troughs and Drinking Bowls Charge	$TDBC_d$
Unadjusted Daily Availability Charge	$UACc_d$
Unadjusted Daily Operating Charge	$UOPc_d$
Unadjusted Actual Daily Volume	$UADV_{Kd}$
Unadjusted Daily Metered Cost	$UDMC_{Kd}$
Unadjusted Discounted Daily Availability	$UDACc_d$
Charge	
Unadjusted Discounted Daily Operating Charge	$UDOCc_d$
Unadjusted Discounted Outside Taps Charge	$UDOTC_d$

Unadjusted Discounted Property Drainage	UDPDC _d
	$UDFDC_d$
Charge Unadjusted Discounted Roads Drainage Charge	
	$UDRDC_d$
Unadjusted Discounted Troughs and Drinking	$UDTDBC_d$
Bowls Charge	UDGUDG
Unadjusted Discounted Sewerage Meter Based	$UDSMBC_{Kd}$
Charge	
Unadjusted Discounted Water Meter Based	$UDWMBC_{Kd}$
Charge	
Unadjusted Estimated Daily Volume	$UEDV_{Kd}$
Unadjusted Outside Taps Charge	$UOTC_d$
Unadjusted Property Drainage Charge	$UPDC_d$
Unadjusted Roads Drainage Charge	$URDC_d$
Unadjusted Sewerage Meter Based Charge	$USMBC_{Kd}$
Unadjusted Troughs and Drinking Bowls	$UTDBC_d$
Charge	
Unadjusted Water Meter Based Charge	$UWMBC_{Kd}$
Uncapped Premium Annual Volume	UPAV
Upper Meter Size	UMS
Vacancy Adjusted SPID SWWater Meter Active	VASSWMA _d
Vacant	VAC_d
Volumetric/Primary charging component in	Vo
pence/ m^3	
Volumetric/Primary charging component in	Va
pence/ m^3 per Day	
Water Chargeable Meter Size	$WCMS_{Kd}$
Water Schedule 3 Discount	$WS3_d$
Water knots	V1, V2
Water Meter Annual Non-Volumetric Charge	WMANVC _i
Water Meter Based Charge	$WMBC_{Kd}, WMBC_d$
Water Standard Volume Prices	B1, B2 and B3
Yearly Proportion	YP
Year	Y
YVE	YVE

A.3. Meter Advance Periods

A.3.1. The terms "Meter Pre-Advance Periods", "Meter Advance Periods", and "Meter Post-Advance Periods" are all formally defined in the Market Code, Schedule 1. The following diagrams are provided as an aid to the correct interpretation of each of these terms. In the

event of a conflict between any of these terms and the diagrams below, the definition in the Market Code shall prevail.

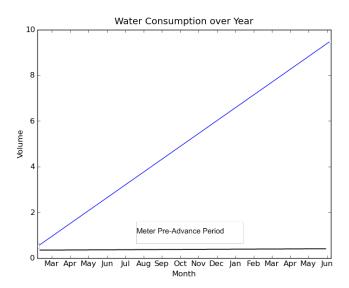


Figure 1: A Single Meter which is Active in Central Systems (from cutover). No reads. Whole period is a "Meter Pre-Advance Period" Volumes estimated from either: YVE if submitted, else Industry Level Estimates (ILE).

Note – as per definition; changes to meter Water or Chargeable Sewerage Size would force multiple Meter Pre-Advance Periods in all the examples.

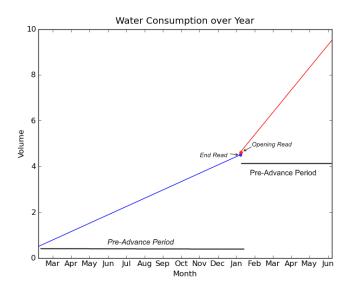


Figure 2: A T17 Meter Chain which is Active in the Central Systems (from cutover). Two Meter Pre-Advance Periods First meter has a single "End" Read. Volumes estimated from appropriate YVE or ILE. Second meter has a single "Opening" Read. Volumes estimated from appropriate YVE or ILE. Note 1- YVE is set separately for each meter. Note 2 - a change in meter size for either meter would force a new Meter Pre-Advance Period

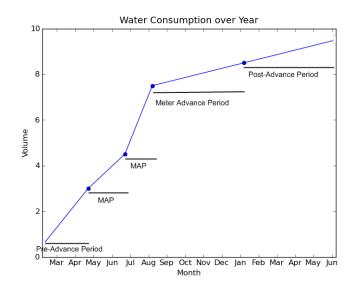


Figure 3: A single meter which is Active in the Central Systems (from cutover) with several reads. The diagram shows (i) A Meter Pre-Advance Period; (ii) Several Meter Advance Periods; and (iii) A Meter Post Advance Period